The North Adams Transcript.

VOLUME 5 — THE NORTH ADAMS EVENING TRANSCRIPT FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 2 1900. — NUMBER 214

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GEN. BULLER STILL REMAINS QUIET

In Absence of News London Discusses Many Rumors. Said that Roberts Asks for 90,000 More Men. Talk of Enforcing the Law Making Every Man Available

London, Feb 2—There was no official news up to 2 37 o'clock this afternoon from General Buller.

There was nothing official to show that he has recrossed the Tugela, although this is admitted possible.

Rumored That General French Has Captured 800 Boers

There is a rumor in Capetown that General French has captured 800 Boers, the time and place not being mentioned.

Rumored That Roberts Ask for 90,000 Additional Men

Rumors are current that Lord Roberts, commander-in-chief, has cabled for 90,000 additional men. This number includes the 40,000 militia reserves

Thought That Compulsory Sereice Act Will Be Enforced

A sensational rumor is current that the militia ballot act will be put in force February 14

The militia ballot act makes every unmarried man between 18 and 30 years of age liable to serve in the military for five years

Indications That Mafeking Has Not Been Relieved

There has been received from Lorenzo Marquez a dispatch from Galeronos, dated January 23, describing the movement of Colonel Plumer's forces around the Boer laager southward, which seems to dispose of the story that Mafeking had been relieved.

Prince of Wales Addresses Soldiers Leaving for South Africa

The Prince of Wales inspected another contingent of yeomanry and artillery volunteers prior to their departure for South Africa today.

The prince made a speech.

Berlin Talk About the Mission of Dr. Leyds

It is strongly rumored in Berlin that the chief political object of Dr Leyds in visiting Paris, Berlin and St Petersburg, is to induce France, Germany and Russia to intervene if Great Britain should attempt to seize Delagoa Bay

A correspondent is informed that Count Von Bulow, the foreign secretary, has thus far refused to give a definite promise There have been daily conferences between the emperor and Count Von Bulow on the subject

German colonies circles and the German government itself regard the war as distinctly unfavorable to Germany's interests in Africa. No mater how it may end, Germany will acquire uncomfortable neighbors—either "fanatical Boers" or "presumptuous British" Moreover, it is felt that in German Southwest Africa, where the Boer element is strong, but slumbering, a formidable Boer movement is bound to be awakened Germany, therefore, would like peace under conditions that would leave both billigerants weakened General Von Schweling, in the Lokal Anzeiger, says —

"The Boers will and must continue the fight until the military bankruptcy of the English is accomplished."

Supreme Court Will Not Order Confiscation of Mashona

Cape Town, Feb, 2—The supreme court decides to make no order of confiscation in the case of the steamer Mashona at present

The owners will be given an opportunity to show they had no intention to trade with the Boers.

The Mashona left New York with a cargo of flour, etc, and was seized December 8

FOUR CHILDREN PERISH IN THEIR OWN HOME

Building Burns Down in Absence of Parents and Children are Missing

Katonah, N Y., Feb 2—The house of George Winans at Boutonville, about five miles east of this village, near th Connecticut line, was destroyed by fire last night and four of Winan's children, whose ages ranged from 2 to 8 years, were probably burned to death

The parents left their home yesterday afternoon leaving the children in the house to take care of themselves

It is supposed they amused them selves by playing at the kitchen with matches and set the house on fire.

The house, which was a frame structure, stood alone in an isolated place and no one apparently made an effort to save the lives of the children.

As far as was learned no one knew of the fire until Mr. and Mrs Winans returned home last night and found the house burned down.

Seach was made for the children, but no trace of them could be found, and there is little doubt but that they all perished

It is alleged that the children were locked in the house and were unable to escape.

Up to noon today no bodies were recovered

SEASON'S COLDEST NIGHT IN NORTHERN NEW YORK

Plattsburg, N Y, Feb. 2—Last night was the coldest of the season in northern New York and the Adirondacks.

It was 10 below here and 2° at Saratoga lake

EX-MINISTER PHELPS CONDITION REMAINS UNCHANGED.

New Haven, Conn, Feb 2—The condition of Ex-Minister Phelps was unchanged this morning

$5 Oveacoats

We want to advise the purchasing public of two good trades in new up to date clothing which we offer in connection with our inventory sa'e. First it's some 50 blue end black Kersey overcoats—bought last spring before the rise in woolens and which the price $5 represent about half the real value. These coats are all wool and run sizes 34 to 42.

50c Shirts

Some 50 dozen new fancy shirts made from Garner percales with cuffs and starched bodies, in fact a regular 75c shirt at 50c They are full size and will fit any man, sizes 14 to 17, in a variety of patterns.

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Cutting Corner — North Adams

Silverware — Watches

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These are the staple goods we have in stock. Silverware in solid, sterling and novelties Cut glass, Libby make in choice and dainty patterns Diamonds in endless profusion and watches of all the leading makes.

Remember we engrave your initials or monogram on silverware.

Call and look over our big stock.

L. M. Barnes 5 Wilson House Bl'k, Main St.

ROMANTIC CHILDREN LEFT HAPPY HOMES YOUTH OF 18 AND GIRL OF 11 YEARS

Were Deeply in Love. Mystery as to Where They Got Money to Pay Traveling Expenses

Sharon, Mass Feb. 2—Little Mary Goodwin and Lawrence Comey, who disappeared last Sunday, have been located at Jersey City and traced to Newark, where they left Wednesday night, it is thought for Louisville An agent of the Children's Aid society of Boston telegraphed yesterday from Newark that the couple had left the city before he reached there, and from what he could gather they were on their way to Kentucky

Boston officers have sent a message to the chief of police of Louisville to look out for the fleeing truants and detain them, if caught Their folks here deny that it is an elopement, and are at a loss to understand why the boy and girl ran away.

The story is one of strange possibilities Lawrence Comey is a youth not yet 19, and Mary Goodwin is some over 11 He is the stepson of Rev W H Fish, and she is a ward of the Children's Aid society of Chardon street, Boston Mary's mother died nine years ago, and the father, not being able to give the motherless child a suitable provision of life, turned her over to the charitable society, which has since overlooked her rearing She later was taken by the Misses May and Alberta Felt, who lived in Maple avenue here. The girl was given a good home Her daily life was spent amid refined influences, and she was treated as a member of the family.

Directly across the street from the Felt residence sets the parsonage where Rev Mr Fish lives His wife is a sister of the Misses Felt, and she married James Comey 20 years ago Their married life was incompatible and she secured a divorce, the court granting her the custody of the boy, Lawrence. She returned home and lived with her sisters until her marriage with the minister The boy has lived with them. He was always delicate, and when he passed the 15-year-old mark he began to grow tall He now is fully six feet in height, but weighs less than 140 pounds

His parents sent him to a sanitarium at Rutland, Vt., some months ago, where he was given a course of treatment He never had done any work requiring any physical strength, but has simply lived at home

Just across the street to his aunts' home he often went There he met little Mary, who loved him with all the intensity of her childish instincts They went to school together, inseparable companions Where one went, there went the other It was an odd sight to see the tall, attenuated boy-man, and the slight 11 year-old girl The people of this village often spoke of the peculiar intimacy

Then last Sunday, they suddenly disappeared Mrs. Fish was greatly alarmed for her son Natural curiosity was manifested for the fate of the girl, whose young years have been spent under the direction of a charitable institution The society in Boston was notified They began the search, and were materially assisted by a young man living in Melrose, who received a letter from Comey, dated Newark, in which he said he was staying in Jersey City with his sister, and, it is said, asked the Melrose friend to send him money

The Children's Aid society got hold of the letter, and with that as a clue posted one of its agents off to Newark He arrived too late, but wired back that he had trace of the couple, as heretofore stated

Where and how the children got money enough to travel on is a mystery. Beyond a little pocket change, Lawrence was not supposed to be abundantly flush, while the girl was absolutely penniless

It is stated that young Comey has frequently expressed his intention of running away and taking Mary with him His folks think the children were both blamable and romantic.

GOEBEL GAINED BUT NO HOPE FOR HIM

Democrats Seek an Injunction to Restrain Taylor. Taylor Hedges Himself with Bayonets to Prevent Papers Being Served

Frankfort, Ky, Feb. 2—"Governor" Goebel passed a comfortable night and is better than yesterday.

Although holding his own the doctors have no hope of his recovery

Several offers to raise troops to support the Goebel side have been made

Opposed to Federal Interference

Washington, Feb. 2—Senator-elect Blackburn and delegation in congress from Kentucky saw the president today and requested him not to send federal troops to their state

They said federal interference would result in serious trouble

The president assured the delegation in a general way that federal interference would come only as a last resort

The conference was decided upon by the Kentuckians in view of the report that Governor Taylor had requested the president to interfere

At the cabinet meeting today it was decided there would be no interference under present conditions

Pardon of Hayes Hung Up

No attempt has been made to enforce the pardon of Douglas Hayes.

Governor Taylor by his refusal to recognize the state courts has placed himself in such a position that he cannot make a legal process against the warden.

The only thing left for him to do is to liberate Hayes by force, and he has evinced no disposition as yet to employ this means.

Taylor in Complete Seclusion

Governor Taylor this morning ordered that nobody should be admitted to the grounds of the capitol under any circumstances

The passes which have entitled the holders to go through the lines were taken up as soon as presented

The object of the new orders is to prevent any civilian serving legal papers on the governor.

The democrats have filed an application for an injunction restraining Governor Taylor from interfering in any way with the meetings of the legislature and enjoining him and Lieutenant Governor Marshall from exercising the functions of state officers

Ther is little chance that service will be secured on Governor Taylor as the executive building is circled by sentries and an entire company is posted night and day in the ante-room, just outside the office Every civilian who could possibly be the bearer of a legal document will be turned back by the soldiers.

Saturday's Leaders

Plenty of fresh poultry, choice young turkeys 18c, fresh fowls 14c, chickens and ducks—all fresh stock, grouse, quail and rabbits, native pig pork, fat veal and lambs, sugar cured ham and bacon, home made sausage.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF VEGETABLES.

Spinach, lettuce, radishes, parsley, red cabbage, Savoy cabbage, parsnips, white and yellow turnips, squash, cranberries, sweet potatoes and Bermuda onions

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We give you a dollar's worth for $1, no more and no less.

...If you want pure goods call and see us...

You Sweep

and are obliged to have a broom. Possibly you do not need it now but take good advice and buy now.

Brooms

are very high owing to the exceedingly high price of broom corn

Despite this we will offer for a few day only a

45c Broom for 34c; 3 Brooms for $1.

If you want the largest, cleanest, freshest, stamped eggs for the least money we have them.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla 63c
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Castoria 21c
Vinol 85c
Syrup Figs 25c
Stafford's Cough Cure 18c
Greene's Nervura 67c
Coderre Red Pills 40c
Mellin's Food pk 54c
Malted Milk 70c
Malted Milk, small, 36c.

Compare these prices with others

Wilson House Drug Store

The recognized Prescription Pharmacists

BRYAN IN NEW HAMPSHIRE SPEECHMAKING AND BANQUETING

Says That Democracy in 1896 Was Willing to Lay Down Its Life for Principle

Concord, N H., Feb. 2—A banquet in honor of Mr Bryan was served at the Eagle hotel last night, at which many prominent Democrats of the state were present. A list of speakers had been prepared, each speech being limited to five minutes But after the tables were cleared Mr Bryan was introduced as first speaker, and soon became so warmed up that he talked for over an hour and used up all the time allotted to the other men.

Phoenix hall, the scene of the public meeting at 8 o'clock, was crowded, the audience numbering about 2500 Mr Bryan was interrupted every few minutes during his address by cheers and cries of approbation.

Mr Bryan said in opening that he brought good tidings from other parts of the country, saying in part: "I know that the Democratic party is more completely united today than ever before in a generation. In 1896 many Democrats left us under a misapprehension of issues They thought the party had left them and gone to destruction Now they realize that the Democratic party is going to live.

"The contest is between plutocracy and democracy. A plutocracy is a government in which wealth rules. Democracy means the protection of every man in the enjoyment of the rewards of his toil Democracy means equal rights to all and special privileges to none The Democratic party is today the best friend of honest wealth because it protects it from the odium thrown upon all wealth by the prevalence of public thieving by the men who have used the government for plunder and gain It stands for the right of every man to earn his bread in the sweat of his brow Every question in the campaign of 1896 is still unsettled The Republican doctrine of the dollar first and the man afterwards is seen in its attitude on taxation trusts and, at last, in imperialism The Democratic party in 1896 was willing to lay down its life for principle It preferred defeat to dishonor"

In his concluding remarks, Mr Bryan ridiculed the Republican claims for protection, and attacked the position of President McKinley on the money question. He devoted some time to trusts and imperialism.

BRYAN LEAVES CONCORD FOR MONTPELIER

Declines to Speak to Dartmouth Men. Receives Gov. Rollins

Concord, N. H, Colonel William J Bryan left here at 11 15 o'clock for Montpelier, via White River junction.

He was cheered as the train left

Colonel Bryan arose at 9 o'clock this morning and experienced the first real cold snap he has felt since he entered New England. The air was crisp and clear and the thermometer registered 5 degrees below

He received a telegram from the students of Dartmouth college requesting him to speak to them on his way to Montpelier, but he felt compelled to decline

At 10 o'clock Mr. Bryan received a call from Governor Rollins and Secretary of State Edward N Pearson.

Governor Rollins expressed pleasure at being able to welcome the visitor to the state and said that while he could not say that he wished him to come again as president of the United States, he hoped he would visit the state again as Mr Bryan.

Mr Bryan said that he was very grateful to the republicans for the fact that they gave him so much political work to do and said he had no time for social pleasures, which accounted for the fact that he had not called upon the governor.

THE ARTIFICIAL ICE PLANT

The contract for erecting the building for the artificial ice plant on Morris street was let today to Porter & Hanrum by Henry Tinker, acting for the stockholders. The price is about $12,000, and the building is to be completed by May 1. The plant is to be located just south of the Potter Brother on Morris street.

South Framingham, Mass, Feb 2—Union Block, a three-story structure was badly damaged by fire this morning.

The firemen rescued eight people from the upper stories by ladders.

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

Tel. 239-12. — Feb 2

Atch	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝
Atch pr	63¾	6[illegible]¾	63⅞
B R. T.	76½	75½	75⅝
C B & Q	124⅝	123½	124⅝
C C. C.	62	61½	61¾
I. & H	117	117	117
Fed. Steel	55⅜	54⅞	55⅛
Fed Steel pr	75¾	75	75
Gen. Elec	124	124	124
J. C	118	118	118
Lea pr	76	75½	75¾
L & N	79¾	79⅝	79⅝
Man	96¾	95½	96⅝
Mo Pac	46	41⅜	45⅞
M. K. T. pr	32¾	32¼	32¾
No West	161½	160⅞	161½
N Y C.	135	134	134¾
P, M	44¾	43½	43¾
Peo Gas	108⅜	107	108
Rubber	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
Rock Island	108½	107⅝	108½
Reading pr	56⅛	55¾	55¾
S. R. pr	56¾	55	56½
St Paul	119¾	119	119½
Sugar	118⅞	117⅝	118
T. C I.	104	96	99¼
Tobacco	104¼	103⅛	103½
Union Pac	47⅝	46½	46¾
Union Pac pr	75¾	75⅝	75⅝
W. U	86¾	86½	86⅝
Wab pr	21⅛	21	21

COTTON—

	Op'g	High.	Low	Clos
March	790	795	785	792
May	794	797	785	790
August	792	794	784	788

CHICAGO MARKET.

	Opening			
Wheat,				
May,	67¾	68⅝	67¾	68⅝
July	68½	69½	68½	69¼
Corn,				
May,	33¾	34¼	33¾	34⅛
July,	33½	33⅞	33½	33⅞
Oats.				
May,	23¼	23½	23¼	23½
July,	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
Pork,				
May,	1082	1095	1082	1095
July,	1097	1097	1097	1097
Lard,				
May,	597	610	597	607

How About That Sunday Dinner

Everything in Poultry,
TURKEYS, DUCKS,
CHICKENS, FOWLS,
Nice native stock, and prices low.
Native Lambs and Fat Veals
Native Pig Pork, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon, Old Fashioned Home Made Sausages, Prime Fat Beef
A special sale on ORANGES again, California Navls, same as last week, but much larger, extra fine flavor, large juicy and sweet, 25c doz.
Creamery Butter, Stamped Eggs
Providence River Oysters
Everything in Vegetables.
Lettuce, Radishes, Cucumbers, Chicory, Parsley, Brussels Sprouts, Spinach, Dandelions, Kale, Celery, Sweet Potatoes, Parsnips, Savoy and Red Cabbage, Beets, Carrots, Turnips, Squashes, Bermuda Onions.
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Live and Let Live Price

Our specialties for Friday and Saturday this week are

Turkeys, Chickens, Fowls and Country Pork

For fresh vegetables we have spinach, Boston sprouts, Irish kale, radishes, lettuce, Spanish, Bermuda and, native onions, large onions, small onions, white onions and pickled onions, onions strong and onions mild. All these goods are guaranteed as represented. Remember the place.

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NewspaperARCHIVE®

GREAT BRITAIN HAS FORCE OF 213,000

Largest Body She Ever Had in the Field. Comparison of British and Boer Methods of Warfare. Buller Cannot Turn Boer Army Without Another Division

London, Feb. 3.—Mr. Wyndham's remarkable declaration in the house of commons that Great Britain will have in a fortnight 180,000 regulars in South Africa, 7000 Canadians and Australians, and 26,000 South African volunteers, is received with wonderment.

Of this total of 213,000 troops, with 452 guns, all are now there, with the exception of about 18,000 that are afloat. Beyond comparison this is the largest force that Great Britain has ever put into the field. At the end of the Crimean war she had scraped together 80,000 men. Wellington had at Waterloo 25,000.

Mr. Wyndham's speech was the strongest defense the government has yet put forward as to what has been done and is being done.

The general tone of the morning papers is that his figures will astonish the country. Roughly speaking, only 80,000 men are at the front. Ten thousand others have been lost, and 10,000 are shut up at Ladysmith.

Excluding these, there are 70,000 troops who have not yet been in action, in addition to those at sea. Why so many effectives have not yet been engaged is explained by the lack of transportation and the organization of supplies, to which Lord Roberts is devoting his experience and Lord Kitchener his genius for details.

It seems as though the weight of these masses must destroy the equilibrium which now holds the British forces stationary wherever they are in contact with the Boer army.

Lack of transport and organization will not explain adequately why, when generals at the front request reinforcements, they get them in rather small numbers. Knowledge is slowly penetrating to London that large garrisons must be kept in Cape Colony to hold down the Cape Dutch, who, as everyone knows, outnumber the British residents three to two.

Cable scraps received during the last 12 hours do not further illuminate the military operations. Various independent correspondents confirm the report that General Buller told his troops on Jan. 28 that he hoped to relieve Ladysmith within a week. It is believed in some trustworthy quarters that he is again assailing the Boer lines.

A further list of casualties published by the war office brings the total from the crossing of the Tugela to the abandonment of Spion Kop to 1985 officers and men.

Exceptional activity at the navy yards continue, but a correspondent of the Associated Press learns that this is chiefly new construction and refitting work. Three ships will be commissioned at Devenport this month.

Some unpleasant criticism of the war office has been caused by the discovery that the sights of the Lee-Enfield carbines are defective. Old carbines have been supplied to the outgoing fourth brigade of cavalry.

The only announcement regarding fresh military preparations is the formation of three additional batteries.

Winston Churchill's dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, in addition to details respecting the situation on the Tugela, gives a most interesting survey of the general position. He says:

"These most serious attacks upon the war office appear unjust. The great army in Africa is of the first quality, beautifully organized and equipped in all details, and has excellent artillery. The Boer guns are few, but splendid, and are cleverly handled. The Boers can find the range of moving targets at 7000 yards, often at the first shot of our guns. We cannot explain how."

In an interesting comparison of British and Boer methods of warfare, as illustrated during the battle of Spion kop, showing how the British troops were "cramped, mixed and disorganized," and how the "machinery of control was shattered," he says: "This would not have affected the Boers, each of whom, in pursuance of a general resolve, either to hold or to evacuate a position, would have acted individually and quite independently of officers' orders. It was a case of a pack of hounds against a flock of sheep But the next morning the British battalions were again collected and solid, showing the advantage of discipline. A similar loss would have disheartened the Boers, and have caused a general flight. Herein lies our expectation of ultimate success. The British have great recuperative power. The Boers have none. The war, therefore, is brought nearer an end even by unsatisfactory operations."

Mr. Churchill, who anticipates that the consequences of the war will not be altogether evil, "as there will be a great increase of respect between the combatants, and contempt, the former wedge of cleavage, will be gone forever," recalls the American Civil war, and says "Union is never born without travail, and after the refining flames have cooled, we shall find the pure gold of a more harmonious system. Let Great Britain persevere."

Spenser Wilkinson, in The Morning Post today, discusses a long dispatch from Winston Churchill, dated at Pietermaritzburg, and describes the situation in Natal. He says: This dispatch deserves to be closely read. It is an appeal to the public at home and, as it has been passed by the censor, may be taken to represent the feelings of General Buller's army. Mr. Churchill represents the difficulties of General Buller's task in concise terms:

"The enemy will act with common sense. They will place outposts on the hills and keep back their main body until they see the direction of General Buller's movement. Then they will quickly bring up the main body and extemporize what defensive works they can in addition to such as they have profusely prepared in anticipation of various possible advances.

"That is what everyone would expect them to do; and that their main body can ride faster than General Buller's main body can walk is also pretty generally understood. The consequence is that the Boer army cannot be surrounded. Wherever it is attacked it can present an intrenched front."

According to Mr. Churchill there are 7000 Boers watching Ladysmith, the same number held ready to resist General Buller and 5000 kept in reserve to reinforce either body at need. Thus General Buller has to attack 12,000 men entrenched on favorable ground. For that purpose Mr. Churchill thinks he ought to have 36,000 men instead of 25,000. In other words, General Buller ought to have another division.

This opinion coincides with the view we have all along expressed, that the center of gravity of the war lies in Natal, and that a British victory there would be decisive, while a complete British defeat in Natal would have disastrous consequences not easily to be estimated.

It seems difficult, in view of the strategy accepted at the war office, as well as at Cape Town, to believe that General Buller is to be allowed once more to attack a position with less than the numerical superiority of three to one which tacticians commonly think necessary for such a task.

It is hardly intelligible that he should attack again without being reinforced. Apparently, however, a third attempt will be made without loss of time. Indeed, it seems probable that the movement is now in progress. We must hope that the splendid bravery of our men will be rewarded by success. When Mr. Churchill says that "the public must nerve themselves," he probably means: "Prepare our countrymen at home for heavy losses in the coming battle."

The Daily Telegraph publishes the following dispatch from Spearman's camp, dated Jan. 30: Colonel Winne has taken command of General Woodgate's brigade. Colonel Miles has been appointed chief of General Buller's staff. The Boers are still constructing defensive works opposite Potgieter's Drift. A strong cavalry reconnaissance proceeded today westward, in the vicinity of Honger's Spruit.

Lord Dundonald's reconnaissance in the direction of Honger Spruit found the road clear. The enemy was not to be seen.

Wanted by Salem Authorities.

Salem, Mass., Feb. 2.—Charles Tarbiff, who is alleged to have been concerned in a number of burglaries in this city, has been arrested at Hartford, on a description sent out by the Salem authorities. Marshal Hart will go to Hartford for the prisoner. Tarbiff's companion, Eugene Lessier, was arrested Dec. 29, and is now in jail under indictment. For a time terror was caused by the raids of these men, and they are said to have been concerned in at least a dozen breaks.

The Treasury Fattened.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The government receipts for January from all sources amounted to $48,012,164, as against $41,774,930 for January, 1899. The expenditures during the last month aggregated $39,189,096, as against $51,122,770 for January, 1899, leaving a surplus last month of $8,823,068. Since July 1, 1899, the receipts have exceeded the expenditures $29,870,000.

Crazed by Love.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Nicholas Hotzler stabbed and instantly killed Mrs. Louise Schaeffer yesterday at her home here. Hotzler then shot and killed himself. Hotzler had been attentive to Mrs. Schaeffer and is believed to have become insane because of her refusal to marry him.

Wouldn't Agree With Aldermen.

Boston, Feb. 2.—The common council last night, by a vote of 43 to 17, refused to concur with the aldermen in the election of Frank J. O'Toole as city clerk, and adhered to its former choice of Edward Donovan.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Ex-Congressman B. Graham Frost died at St. Louis. He had been ill for more than a year with Bright's disease.

The Samoan treaty is now awaiting action by the German legislative branch. Notification of the favorable action of the United States senate has been sent to Berlin already, and no delay is expected.

While the steamer City of Gloucester was backing from her berth at Boston she fouled the stern of the steamer Prince eGorge. The damage to each vessel will be about $200. No one was injured.

FUTURE OF MANILA.

Philippine Capital May Become the Orient's Great Distributing Point.

Not only are there magnificent opportunities in the Philippines for American civilization, commerce and industry, but there is the dazzling possibility of making Manila the center of western Pacific trade, says a writer in Ainslee's Magazine for February. Manila, adjacent to a population of 50,000,000 people, should before many years surpass Hongkong, to which Great Britain owes such a large part of her Chinese commerce. The chief distributing centers of China, Japan, Korea, Siam, Anam and the East Indies are as near to Manila as Havana is to New York, and the distributing centers of British India and Australasia are nearer to Manila than to any other great emporium.

At present we furnish only one-twentieth of the billion dollars' worth of goods that the countries within easy commercial range of Manila purchase yearly. Yet the larger part of these imports is made up of goods that we can supply at a lower price than any other country—tools and machinery, cotton and cotton products, provisions and mineral oils.

"THE ORIGINAL DEMOCRATIC DOCTRINE"

Sibley Appeals to Democrats to Support the Principles of Expansion

Washington, Feb. 2.—Representative Sibley of Pennsylvania, who attained great prominence in the Fifty-fourth congress by his earnest championship of free silver, assailed his Democratic colleagues yesterday for their opposition to expansion in a speech that made the floor and galleries roar.

CONGRESSMAN SIBLEY.

Mr. Sibley has recanted his views on free silver and is now generally out of line with his colleagues on the Democratic side. He insisted that expansion was an original Democratic doctrine, promulgated by Jefferson and adhered to by Madison, Jackson, Tyler, Polk and Buchanan. In eloquent language he pictured the destiny of the United States carrying the arts of peace and the story of the cross to the remotest corners of the globe. Mr. Sibley received an impressive demonstration when he closed.

The remainder of the debate was uninteresting. It touched the questions of mediation in the Transvaal war, lynchings in the south and the jury law in Hawaii. Not much progress was made with the Indian appropriation bill, which was under consideration.

Nearly the entire morning hour in the senate was occupied by Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) in a discussion of the report of Secretary Gage concerning his transactions with the National City bank of New York.

Mr. Daniel (Dem., Va.) then delivered an extended speech on the pending financial measure. He vigorously opposed the proposition that the country should go to the gold standard.

Charles G. Bennett, secretary, and Daniel Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms, of the senate, took the oath of office and assumed their respective duties. They were sworn in by Senator Frye.

Disastrous Fire at Lowell.

Lowell, Mass., Feb. 2.—One life was lost, one fireman injured and several overcome by smoke in a fire here, in which Marin's block, a five-story structure, was completely destroyed. Mrs. Bridget Grady, 48 years old, perished in the flames. She was a rheumatic cripple, and could not leave the building of her own accord. In the block were two stores on the ground floor—the Lowell pharmacy and Joseph Marin's furniture store. The upper floors were occupied as offices and lodging rooms. The total loss is about $100,000. Fireman Rogers fell from the third story to the ground floor, sustaining broken limbs. He will recover. Several firemen were overcome by smoke. There were about 20 persons in the upper stories when the fire broke out, and they had barely time to escape with what clothes they were wearing.

McGovern Whips Santry.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Terry McGovern of Brooklyn last night proved his right to the title of featherweight champion of the world by knocking out Eddie Santry of Chicago, who claimed the leadership of the 122-pound class, by virtue of a knockout of Ben Jordan of England. The knockout came in the fifth round, after a fierce mixup, in which Santry did some clever work. Terry, however, was too strong for Santry, and straightened him up with a short-arm jolt to the stomach. He landed a left and right on the jaw in quick succession, and Santry fell to the floor on his face. He got up at the count of ten, but was so weak that Siler declared McGovern the winner, to save Santry from further punishment.

Train Had Bad Luck.

South Londonderry, Vt., Feb. 2.—A passenger train over the Brattleboro and Whitehall Narrow Guage railroad jumped the track yesterday and went down a 30-foot embankment. Although the cars were well filled with passengers only one was injured severely. After several hours' labor in getting the train back on the track another accident occurred at Dummerston, where the breaking of wheels caused the train to remain there over night.

Willie Webber, who has been on trial in the supreme court at York, Me., on the charge of assault with a dangerous weapon on Charles E. Perkins, was found guilty and sentenced to serve one year in jail.

Mrs. Sarah W. Daggett, the state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Massachusetts, is severely ill at Boston.

Objections to the allowance of the will of Benjamin French have been filed at Boston by an adopted son, Wilfred French, who, under a codicil, was given $5. Mr. French was a prominent and wealthy dealer in photographic goods.

SITUATION IN KENTUCKY

Political Chaos with Soldiers Holding the Balance of Power

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—Two governors and armed soldiers holding the balance of power between them—that is the situation in Frankfort. Whoever the soldiers decide is the proper official for them to obey will be seated in the gubernatorial chair. The soldiers themselves are in a quandary as to what they should do, and they are awaiting developments. While all the officers are Republicans, many of them say that they have no intention of resisting the legal governor of Kentucky, provided they were once satisfied who the individual is. All things being equal, they will stand for Taylor.

For the first time since the shooting of Governor Goebel there were signs of a peaceful settlement yesterday. The signs were few and small and they have disappeared, but there is a chance that they may reappear.

The original proposition looking toward an amicable adjustment came from the Republican side just before noon, when T. L. Edelen, one of Governor Taylor's attorneys, appeared at the Capitol hotel to hold a conference with Judge Pryor, Louis McQuown and William Scott, the legal advisers of the Democracy. After a short talk Mr. Edelen declared that Governor Taylor and the Republican party were anxious to avoid anything that might possibly lead to serious trouble. He was assured by the Democratic attorneys that they were also anxious to avert any clash between the parties. Mr. Edelen then proposed to submit the case of the rival governors to the Kentucky court of appeals, which, he declared, judging by the action of Judge Hazelrigg in swearing in Governor Goebel, would probably decide against Governor Taylor. He then wanted the right to submit the matter to the United States supreme court for final settlement. The talk was informal.

Mr. Edelen merely stated his position that the opposing attorneys might take the matter under advisement. The lawyers then separated with an agreement to meet again at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

When they met for the second time, Mr. Edelen again submitted his proposition and received the reply that the Democratic attorneys desired to have the matter adjudicated in the state courts. To this Mr. Edelen objected, saying he wished the final settlement to be made in the supreme court at Washington.

Mr. McQuown urged the Republicans to concede the election and seating of Governor Goebel, which proposal Mr. Edelen declined to entertain. Nothing more could be said on either side, and the lawyers separated. As they left the room Mr. Edelen intimated that it was possible that he might be able to submit another proposition at some later time. He was given to understand that he would be met half way and the conference was at an end.

Two direct slaps were given Governor Taylor yesterday by public officers, who declined to obey his orders. The first came from President Rodman of the Farmers' bank, which is a state depository. Some vouchers on the bank were signed by Governor Taylor in favor of some of the militia officers who wanted money for their companies. When they were presented at the bank payment was refused. President Rodman said that he did not see how he could pay out the money on orders signed by Governor Taylor until he knew for certain who was the actual governor of Kentucky. He had asked an opinion from the attorney of the bank, and when it was received he would act accordingly.

The second instance promised for a time to have serious consequences and trouble may yet arise from it. Governor Taylor issued a pardon to Douglass Hayes, a convict in the Frankfort penitentiary, who is serving a five-year term for manslaughter, having been sentenced in March, 1899. When the pardon was sent to Warden Lillard he decided that he could not free the man until he was satisfied regarding the legal status of the governorship. He made no reply to Governor Taylor, but declined to honor the pardon. The penitentiary commissioners agreed with the position taken by the warden.

The action of Lillard, who is an ardent supporter of Goebel, aroused intense indignation among the Republicans, and it was declared that soldiers would be sent to the penitentiary to take the man away if Lillard persisted in his refusal to release Hayes.

When asked if he intended to resist troops if they should be sent to release Hayes, the warden replied: "Oh, no, it would not do for me to attempt any such thing as that. I have 14 guards only, and they could not do much against soldiers. When the soldiers come up here and demand the keys for the purpose of releasing Hayes I think they are likely to get them. If convicts are taken out of here in that manner the responsibility will rest on the men who take them away and not upon me."

No attention whatever has been paid by the militia to the orders of Governor Goebel to return to their homes. Adjutant General Collier says that no consideration will be given to any orders that may emanate from the Goebel headquarters.

The legislature will today take active steps to prevent Governor Taylor from interfering with any session if it desires to hold one in the legislative chambers. Papers have been prepared and an injunction will be asked for from Judge Cantrill of the fiscal court, restraining governor Taylor from interfering in any way with the proceedings of the legislature. Governor Taylor has announced before this that he would pay no attention to the orders of the fiscal court. The probabilities are that some trouble will ensue.

When the members of the legislature attempted to enter the state house, at 5 o'clock last evening, a double file of soldiers, with fixed bayonets, met the members at the door and turned them back. Speaker Trimble adjourned the legislature again, subject to his call.

Governor Goebel passed an unfavorable day, although he was fairly comfortable when night came on. He had half a dozen doctors around him, and the reports of his condition varied according to the last physician who left his room. One doctor was confident that he would recover and another would allow him an hour or two before he breathed his last.

Early this morning Dr. Hume said that Governor Goebel would probably live some hours. He added, however, that there was a possibility of uraemic poisoning, and that it was possible for the governor to die in convulsions almost any time.

Administration Keeping Out.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The administration intends to keep out of the Kentucky affair if possible. Its leaders feel that they would be taking hold of a hot poker to get into the disturbance. The border states are by tradition exceedingly sensitive upon the subject of federal interference. The party leaders here want to keep out of Kentucky and let the natives fight out their own battles, which they now seem perfectly able to do.

BAY STATE LEGISLATURE

Expressions of Regret Over the Death of Oliver H. Durrell

Boston, Feb. 2.—Heartfelt expressions of sorrow over the death of Oliver H. Durrell of the executive council were general about the state house yesterday, where the councellor only two weeks before had taken the oath of office for the first time. Governor Crane at once prepared a message, which was sent to the senate, and in due time suitable action will be taken by the council itself. It was a matter of some misunderstanding among many members of the legislature as to how a vacancy of this kind should be filled, some believing that a new election would be necessary and others having the idea that the senate elected the new official. The fact is that under article 25 of the amendment to the constitution, a vacancy in the executive council is filled by concurrent vote of the senate and house.

The most interesting hearing of the day was that before the committee on election laws upon the bill providing for municipal suffrage for women. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore and Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., were among the noted witnesses.

Messrs. Carey and MacCartney were heard by the committee on cities on the bill to authorize a municipal referendum on current matters.

The committee on street railways gave a long hearing on bills providing for vestibules upon street cars. The arguments were the same as last year, when a bill passed both houses, but was killed on reconsideration in the senate.

Mr. Baldwin presented a petition in the senate that each member of the senate may receive a salary of $1500, and each member of the house $1000 for the session, with $2 for every mile of ordinary travelling distance from his place of abode, and that the president of the senate may receive $2500 and the speaker of the house $2000, with mileage. The act to take effect Jan. 1, 1900.

The house was again deluged with petitions and bills affecting innumerable interests. A resolution expressing sympathy with the Boers was sent to the committee on federal relations, without the distinction of a reading by the speaker.

Cole Held in $50.000.

Boston, Feb. 2.—Before United States Commissioner Fiske yesterday, Charles H. Cole, former president of the Globe National bank, was arraigned for the third time on the charge of embezzling and misappropriating $900,000 of the funds of that institution. Through his attorney, William Schofield, the defendant waived examination, and was held in the sum of $50,000 for the March term of the United States district court. Benjamin W. Wells and Benjamin F. Smith were the sureties on his bond.

Two Lives Lost In School Fire.

St. Louis, Feb. 2.—Two lives were lost by a fire which partially destroyed St. Lawrence O'Toole's parish school here yesterday. The victims were Sister Stanislaus and a pupil, Mary Foley, 10 years old. They were in the south wing on the third floor, and when they discovered that the building was on fire they were imprisoned by a pall of smoke that no one could penetrate. The fire was caused by an overheated furnace.

Russia's Grip on Persia.

London, Feb. 2.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Mail says: The Russian loan to Persia secures to Russia a prolongation of the concession of the exclusive right to construct railways in that country, and it is assumed here that by June next Bender Abbas, on the Persian gulf, will become Russian by virtue of another loan.

Wouldn't Baptize Infants.

New York, Feb. 2.—Rev. Dr. Madison C. Peters, pastor of the Bloomingdale Reformed church, last night submitted his resignation, to take effect on March 1. Dr. Peters said that his church compelled him to baptize infants, and he had concluded that the Bible intended that only believers could be baptized. He will join the Baptist church.

Weather Conditions and Forecast.

Fair weather has prevailed in all districts. No well defined storm appears within the region of observation. During today the temperature will moderate in the New England states. The weather will continue to moderate Saturday, with increasing cloudiness and probably rain in the middle and southern and snow in the northern districts. Along the north Atlantic coast the winds will be fresh from westerly.

BODYGUARD OF GOEBEL.

Characteristics of Colonel Jack Chinn and Warden Lillard.

TWO FEARLESS KENTUCKIANS.

They Have Reputations of Being Ready to Fight For Their Lives and the Lives of Their Friends. Chinn Is Famous For His Hospitality—Lillard a Regular Churchgoer.

The certainty that Senator William Goebel, who was recently shot down in the statehouse yard at Frankfort, Ky., felt himself in danger is emphasized by his choice of companions. Of all the men in Kentucky, Kentuckians say, he could not have chosen two more fearless. Colonel Jack Chinn and Warden Lillard, as their conduct proved, are always ready to fight for their lives and for the lives of their friends.

Colonel Chinn is well known in New York and on every race course from Canada to New Orleans. His name is John P. Chinn, but everybody knows him as Colonel Jack Chinn. He lives at Harrodsburg, Ky., and he has better friends and bitterer enemies than any man in Kentucky. He is known as a knife fighter, a free silver politician, a breeder of race horses and a hunter of foxes. His own county, Mercer, is equally divided between his friends and his enemies.

The tales of how Chinn draws his famous knife from his coat collar are

COLONEL JACK CHINN.

many, but they are without foundation. He has always carried the knife in the right rear pocket of his trousers, and, when occasion requires, he whips it out with amazing speed. In a rough and tumble fight few men can whip him, and on one occasion he was given a lifetime pass over a railroad that runs through the state for throwing out of the door and off the train a negro who had insulted a woman.

Chinn's home life is entirely free from the strife that he seems to invite when he starts on a free silver campaign or on the race track. He is famous for his hospitality, and his house is a veritable "old people's home."

Twelve years ago his beautiful house at the Leonatus stock farm was burned, and the family moved into a two room cottage in a corner of the yard. From year to year rooms have been added until today his house consists of 14 single story rooms in a row, occupied by members of the family and several old Confederate soldiers who live upon his bounty and whose chief duties are to keep the hounds in hunting order and to superintend the raising of game chickens. Each year Chinn invites his hunting friends to spend a week with him, and for a short time fighting, free silver and horses are forgotten in the chase.

Colonel Chinn's ideas of conduct, manners and propriety are illustrated in a letter he sent to the New York World when it was suggested that the battleship Kentucky be baptized in water. The colonel, who raised Goebel's head while the assassin was shooting at him and who did not move until the bullets ceased, wrote thus of water for baptism:

"I never heard of anybody in Kentucky christening anything but babies with water, and as I hear the Kentucky is to be a warship I think she should be fixed like the Kentuckian when he goes out to fight. Give her a dose of smooth old Kentucky. Start her right with blood in her eye and a chip on her shoulder.

"I don't think a warship has much use for water except to float in, and the average Kentuckian, when he gets a good dose of old Kentucky Bourbon aboard and his eyes begin to shine, like a cat's in a rathole, is ready to meet an army of wildcats. I think the ship bearing the name Kentucky should be christened with some smooth old red liquor and started to Cuba. If she is any kin to a Kentucky fighter, she will go through the Spanish navy like Leonatus or Ban Fox did through a field of selling platers.

"It might be better to let the captain of the ship drink the liquor and break the bottle over the prow of the ship, for, sure as you live, there is more fight in a quart of pure Kentucky whisky than in an ocean of water. Give her the right sort of a start, and she will do honor to the state whose name she bears. I am down on the water proposition."

Warden Ephraim Lillard comes of a well known family in Anderson county. He lives at Nicholasville, Jessamine county. His ruling of the state prison of Kentucky has added to and trained his determination. He is about 5 feet 8 inches in height and round shouldered. He is about 50 years old. His head is as round as a bullet. He has an oval face, grayish mustache and big, gray eyes. He goes to church every Sunday.

Consul Van Stittart's Denial.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The secretary of state has sent to the senate committee on foreign relations an assurance from the British ambassador that the interview attributed to Consul Van Stittart at New Orleans, reflecting upon public officials of the United States, was not authentic. Mr. Van Stittart says that he has given no interview to any reporter, nor has he at any time used the language imputed to him. He says the interview is a pure fabrication.

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Men of All Ages

Who have indulged in errors, excesses, overwork or mental worry. Many of you have Nervous Debility, Lost or Failing Manhood. Night Emissions, Exhausting Drains, Pimples, lame back, inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, Highly Colored Urine, Small or Weak Organs, Impotency, Despondency, failing memory, Loss of ambition or other unmistakable signs of Physical, Mental and Sexual Weakness, which absolutely unfit you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. Remember that the VITO doctor will cure you just as sure as he takes your case for treatment.

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Contracted or Hereditary Syphilis in all its terrible stages, producing loss of Hair, Ulcers in Mouth or Throat, Eruptions or copper colored spots on Face or Body, Decay of Flesh or Bones, completely and forever eradicated by the VITO doctor, leaving the system in a pure, strong and healthful state

Varicocele

Which weakens the organs; also Hydrocele, Gleet, Stricture and all private or Venereal Disease, the Vito doctor quickly cures.

Kidney and Urinary

Weak Back, Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent, Bloody or Milky Urine, Irritation of bladder, all Functional diseases of the Heart, Lungs, Liver and Stomach; also Rupture, Rheumatism, Piles and Blood and Skin diseases treated by VITO'S Physicians according to the latest and best methods known to medical science.

Suffering Women

NO MATTER what the NATURE of your DISEASE VITO'S Physician CAN CURE YOU. VITO'S Physician is a born physician, endowed with that wonderful power and gift of healing diseases possessed by so few physicians. When but a young physician, eminent physicians recognized in him that superior power and gift of healing which enabled him to cure when they had failed. He treats all forms of disease.

"Vito's Inhalent" is a positive cure for Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections, stops Coughs, Hemorrhages and all weakening discharges, cures Deafness, Weak Eyes, and all blood and skin diseases. His Kidney and Bladder Specific gives immediate relief and effects a rapid and permanent cure. His specific for the cure of Heart, Stomach, Liver and Nervous Diseases acts like magic.

Charges Low and Medicines Furnished.

Daily Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—11 a. m. to 4 p. m.

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GENERAL LAWTON'S BODY LEAVES FOR EAST

San Francisco, Feb. 2—The remains of General Lawton, Major Logan and Dr. Armstrong leave on a special train this afternoon for the east.

The body of General Lawton goes to Washington city and that of Major Logan to Ohio.

ARTHUR SEWALL IS ON STEAMER FROM HONOLULU

San Francisco, Feb. 2—Hon. Arthur Sewall of Bath, Maine is on the steamer Australia from Honolulu. The steamer is in quarantine here and Mr. Sewall is likely to land today.

BOER RESOLUTIONS OFFERED IN LEGISLATURE

Boston, Feb. 2—Representative Watson, a democrat of Boston, introduced a resolution of sympathy with the Boers in the legislature today.

CONDITION OF MR. PHELPS IS STILL CRITICAL

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 2—The condition of Hon. E. J. Phelps was unchanged this morning and is still critical.

MOLINEUX TRIAL POSTPONED TILL MONDAY

New York, Feb. 2—The Molineux trial is postponed until Monday, the illness of Juror Brown continuing.

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THE DREAM OF MOTHERHOOD COMES TRUE WHEN DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION IS USED.

Mrs. Axel Kjer, of Gordonville, Cape Girardeau Co., Mo., writes: "When I look at my little boy I feel it my duty to write you. Perhaps some one will see my testimony and be led to use your 'Favorite Prescription' and be blessed in the same way. I took nine bottles and to my surprise it carried me through and gave us as fine a little boy as ever was. Weighed ten and one-half pounds. He is now five months old, has never been sick a day, and is so strong that every body who sees him wonders at him. He is so playful and holds himself up so well."

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WANTED—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R-I-P-A-N-S on the package and accept no substitute. R-I-P-A-N-S, 10 for 5 cents, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded t the Ripans Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce street, New York.

Coasting Notice

Notice is hereby given that coasting per mitted only on the following streets:

Hall street.
Meadow street, south from house No. 9, C. G. Bartlett's.
Lawrence Ave.
East Brooklyn St.
Walnut street south from No. 10 F. N Blake's.
East Main St., east of Kemp Ave.
Kemp St.
Dover St.
Miner St.

J. L. TEMPLE,
Commissioner of Public Works.

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Northwestern Nat. Ins. Co. of Milwaukee
Prussian Nat Ins. Co. of Germany

Warmth of Birds' Blood.

The blood of birds offers some data for thought not found in the blood of any other class of animals. The blood corpuscles are shaped differently, being oval instead of round. But this is not the difference to which I refer. Birds' blood is several degrees warmer than that of other animals. To man such a temperature of the blood as birds possess would be a fever. This high temperature causes molecular changes in the tissues and brain to take place more rapidly, which would cause the consumption of more food, and brain activity would be more intense, so that for the same amount of work a smaller brain would meet all the requirements, which at a lower temperature would require one of greater size. —Phrenological Journal.

She's Solid With Johnnie.

Johnnie—Most folks don't think much of boys, but our teacher is stuck on 'em, I guess.

Mamma—Is that so?

Johnnie—Yes'm. I heard her say today that a thing of beauty was a boy forever.—Detroit Free Press.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grain and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

THE SERFS OF RUSSIA

Flogging Them Was One of the Duties of the Police.

Father will not be appeased, says Prince Kropotkin in The Atlantic. He calls in Makar, the piano tuner and subbutler, and reminds him of all his recent sins. He was drunk last week and must have been drunk yesterday, for he broke half a dozen plates. In fact, the breaking of these plates was the real cause of all the disturbance. Stepmother had reported the fact to father in the morning, and that was why Uliana was received with more scolding than was usually the case, why the verification of the hay was undertaken and why father continued to shout that "this progeny of Ham" deserved all the punishments on earth.

All of a sudden there is a lull in the storm. My father has taken his seat at the table and writes a note to the police station. "Take Makar with this note to the police station, and let 100 lashes with the birch rod be given to him."

Terror and absolute muteness reign in the house.

The clock strikes 4, and we all go down to dinner, but no one has any appetite, and the soup remains in the plates untouched. We are ten at table, and behind each one of us a violinist or a trombone player stands, with a clean plate in his left hand, but Makar is not among them.

"Where is Makar?" stepmother asks. "Call him in."

Makar does not appear, and the order is repeated. He enters at last, pale, with a distorted face, ashamed, his eyes cast down. Father looks into his plate, while stepmother, seeing that no one has touched the soup, tries to encourage us.

"Don't you find, children," she says, "that the soup is delicious?"

Tears suffocate me, and immediately after dinner is over I run out, catch Makar in a dark passage and try to kiss his hand, but he tears it away and says, either as a reproach or as a question, "Let me alone. And you, too, when you are grown up, will be just the same?"

"No, no; never!"

Yet father was not of the worst of landowners. On the contrary, the servants and the peasants considered him to be one of the best. What we saw in our house was going on everywhere, often in much more cruel forms. The flogging of the serfs was a regular part of the duties of the police.

LONG DISTANCE FIGHTING.

Impossible to Tell Infantry From Cavalry at Two Thousand Yards.

"Unless they have had experience," remarked an army officer, "people are very likely to have a very imperfect idea as to distances in army and field operations and as a result get things considerably mixed. When they read that armies are engaging with each other at 2,000 yards between them, they may think that they can see each other, but the reality is far different.

"At that distance, to the naked eye, a man or a horse does not look any larger than a speck. It is impossible to distinguish at that distance between a man and a horse, and at 800 yards less, 1,200 yards, especially where there is any dust, it requires the best kind of eyes to tell infantry from cavalry. At 900 yards the movements become clearer, though it is not until they get within 750 yards of each other that the heads of the columns can be made out with anything like certainty.

"Infantry can be seen in the sunlight much easier than the cavalry or artillery, for the reason that less dust is raised. Besides that, infantry can be distinguished by the glitter of their muskets. At 2,000 yards, however, everything is unsatisfactory, even with the aid of field glasses, for a marching column in dry weather raises a great deal of dust."—Washington Star.

BALLAD OF CONJUNCTIONS.

Am&a &erson her name,
& where she lived, the Str&;
& many were the h&some beaux
Who sought her heart and h&.

The youthful &y S&ers was
One of the hopeful b&;
His love was like the Chinaman—
So childlike & so bl&.

Quite otherwise was R&olph's flame,
For 'twas to fury f&;
He scorned to sue & said the girl
Should yield to his comm&.

She was a flirt. Alas, that such
A word her name should br&!
To sport with one & t'other was
The daily joy she pl&.

When &y came & sighed & wept
& wrung his piteous b&&,
The wicked thing praised R&olph's name,
His income & his l&&.

& then in turn when R&olph came
& urged his hot dem&&,
His fire, she said, should be put out
By one h& hose from Sh&&.

Am&a &erson, you goose,
You jilted &y, &
One day he wooed an awful death—
He ate fruit that was c&.

& when he died you could not squeeze
One tear from out its gl&;
You only thought, "Now is my time
To accept R&olph's h&!"

But woe & grief were your fate when
You came to underst&
That R&olph wedded was to that
Rich widow from the R&.

Young &y S&ers' life for you
Ran out its bitful s&,
And when you sighed for R&olph's arm
Another waist it upp&.

Oh, h&some is as h&some does;
Am&a now is str&ed.
She angled too long for her fish,
& she herself was l&ed!

So, girls, toy not with love, but hug
The chains of that young fetterer,
Or, like Am&a, you'll become
A sour old maid, &c.

—Tit-Bits.

CHURCHILL'S ESCAPE.

Winston Churchill thinks he had a hard time escaping, which is good evidence that he never tried running away from his record.—Zanesville Courier.

If there was any doubt before as to whether Mr. Churchill would write a book about his South African experiences, it has vanished by this time.—Chicago Tribune.

Now the war in South Africa can go on. Winston Churchill has escaped from the Boers. All the world insisted on the armed bands delaying further combat until Winston broke away.—Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

The heroism of Mr. Winston Churchill is becoming a trifle tiresome. When the Boers had him in captivity, he claimed he was a newspaper correspondent and not a combatant. Now that he has his liberty he exploits himself as a blooming soldier.—Washington Post.

AN ELUSIVE BONANZA

THE STORY OF THE LOST LODE OF GORE RANGE.

How a Tenderfoot Accidentally Discovered This Wonderful Bank of Gold and Why He Didn't Enjoy the Richness Thereof.

They were telling mining stories in the courthouse, and Dee Reese, the lawyer, asked:

"Did you ever hear of the lost lode of the Gore range?"

The other lawyers sitting around him said they had never heard of it and then waited for him to begin. Mr. Reese borrowed a fresh chew of tobacco and told this story:

"Hundreds of experienced and inexperienced miners as well have spent a great deal of time and money looking for the lost lode of the Gore range, and they are searching for it yet. This famous mine was found and lost in the fall of 1896. A party of men from Iowa visited Routt county, Colo., in the fall of 1896 on a hunting and fishing trip. The party made its headquarters at Steamboat Springs. In the latter part of October the party moved up and went into camp on Rock creek, in the Gore range of mountains, which runs through northern Colorado. One of the party was a druggist, who had gone on the trip for his health. He knew nothing of mining. He had been warned by an old miner before he left Iowa not to be fooled, as many a tenderfoot had been, by what is known as 'fool's gold,' or iron pyrites. So this druggist paid no attention to the rocks, but attended strictly to his hunting and fishing.

"One afternoon while hunting for deer he started a fine buck and fired at him and wounded him. The buck fell, but got up and ran before the druggist could get to him. Where he fell was a pool of blood, which showed that he was badly wounded. The hunter trailed him by the blood spots on the dead leaves and grass for a mile and there found where the buck had lain down and then rising had gone on again. In this way the chase continued until sundown, and then the hunter, who was exhausted, sat down on an outcropping ledge of rocks to rest.

"In the enthusiasm of the chase he had not noted which way he traveled, and he realized that he was lost in the heavily timbered mountains, with night coming on. He knew it would be useless to try and find the camp that night, so he gathered a pile of dead limbs and kindled a fire against the ledge of rocks and laid down with his feet to the blaze and prepared to sleep. While lying there he noticed the rocks sparkled in the firelight. He got up and examined it, supposing it was the 'fool's gold' he had been warned against. But the rock looked so pretty that he broke off several pieces and put them in the pocket of his hunting coat, intending to carry them back to Iowa with him as curiosities.

"The next day he wandered all the forenoon, and then found the Gore pass road over the range and followed it to the camp. That very afternoon a regular mountain snowstorm began, and the party broke camp, returned to Steamboat Springs and from there went east.

Roberts of Utah In the House.

"Utah—Brigham H. Roberts!" sang out the clerk. Roberts, pale but self possessed, walked down the aisle toward the speaker's chair. At the end of the aisle Roberts stood with his hands resting upon the two desks at his right and left.

"How neat and clean he looks," whispered a woman in the gallery.

"He ought to," replied her companion, "with three wives to keep him tidy."—Chicago Times-Herald.

IN SEARCH OF A WIFE.

Cautious Suitor States His Requirements In a Letter of Inquiry.

A prominent attorney preserves the following document as one of the chief curios of his office. It bears a recent date and was written from one of the Missouri river towns. The young woman referred to is the presiding genius of the kitchen in the lawyer's home:

"DEAR SIR—I got acquainted with Miss —— through our corresponding with each other. She wants to marry me. Should she suit I will not marry her for three or four months yet. Please find out through your wife and let me know by return mail if she is worthy of a good husband.

"Is her character good? How about her honesty and integrity? Does she seem to like children? Is she neat and clean? Is she tasty about her dress? Is she gay or frivolous, or what you call sullen? Is she wasteful in her cooking? Is she strong and healthy? Can she hear and talk good? Is she homely or pretty? Is she smart? To make it short, would she make a good man a good wife?

"I am a cooper by trade, a widower with five children, and I need a woman that's a good cook and to look after my children. She has been working for your wife three weeks. You ought to know her pretty good by this time. Anything you may say she won't know if it isn't good, unless you tell her yourself.

"Is she stylish? Has she begun to break or show edge? Is she steady and does she know how to please? You can do me a great favor if you take five minutes of your valuable time to answer these few questions. Please write at once. I want to know quick. Your obedient servant."—St. Louis Republic.

History on a Watch Face.

Almost the last work of the Belgian astronomer Houzeau, deceased, was an article in which, while arguing in favor of a decimal division of time, he pointed out the origin of the double set of 12 hours represented on our watch and clock faces. The ancient inhabitants of Mesopotamia chose the number 12 as an arithmetical base because it has four divisors—viz, 2, 3, 4 and 6, while 10 has only two divisors—viz, 2 and 5. They counted 12 hours in the day and 12 in the night, measuring the day by the progress of the sun and the night by the progress of the stars across the sky. This system, prevailing over all others, has come down to us, and so our watches bear on their faces a souvenir of those ancient days when the sun served for a clock hand half of the time and the stars the other half.—Youth's Companion.

GET STRONG

Vinol Makes Weak People Strong.

WE GUARANTEE IT WILL DO SO.

WE KNOW OF NO TONIC OR REBUILDER LIKE IT.

Vinol does create strength.

We know that and have proved it in many instances.

The reason Vinol rejuvenates and strengthens a person is that it acts directly upon the stomach, strengthening and toning up this great vital organ and enabling it to obtain for itself, from the food that is taken into it, the elements which are required to make firm healthy flesh and muscle tissue, sound bone structure and pure healthy blood.

Vinol does this in a scientific way and is enabled to do it because it contains, dissolved in a delicate mild wine, in a highly concentrated state, the active principles of cod-liver oil.

Vinol does not contain any of the grease that formerly characterized cod-liver oil, hence is free from all the objectionable features which made it impossible for patients to take or retain that vile-smelling remedy into their stomach.

Vinol in its favorable action upon the stomach and other organs of the body acts also in a beneficial way upon the nerves and brain, and will be found to be invaluable to brain workers as well as body workers.

The following letter is from a well-known authoress. It reads as follows:

"I wish to acknowledge the receipt of the Vinol and testify to its great benefits. Since taking it I am much improved in health, and during the intense heat of last August I should not have been able to continue in my literary work if it had not been for the strengthening properties of Vinol. Yours in gratitude."—ELLA STARR, 106 W. 82d St., N. Y. City.

We wish any one suffering from weakness, a demoralized condition of the nerves, or a susceptibility to wasting diseases, to call on us and hear what we have to say in regard to Vinol.

Try it on our recommendation, and if you find it does not do everything we claim for it, we will gladly refund to you the amount you have paid us.

WILSON HOUSE DRUG STORE,

Wilson House Block.

A BAD CASE.

Proving That a Little Learning Is a Dangerous Thing.

When the minister tells it himself and laughs as heartily as any auditor, there can be no secret about it. And this is what he tells:

"I became very much interested in services for the deaf and dumb. After I had talked and preached several times with the aid of an interpreter I thought that if I acquired the sign language of these interesting people I could get closer to them and do them much good. I gave myself over too completely to the undertaking. I studied and practiced on finger movements, facial contortions and corporeal genuflection when I should have been doing something else. I would lie awake thinking of this silent language and then drop into fantastic dreams about it.

"A friend from another city wrote me of a man who was coming to Detroit and would call me up by phone to arrange for a conference of mutual interest. There was a ring just at the time I expected. I answered, and the usual question for identification was asked. Inside of a minute he was saying harsh things, and before two expired he hung up the receiver with a thunderous bang.

"I stormed about my study for a time. He had said that I was either an idiot or no gentleman. I had said worse things than that and plainly told him that he would have to sober up before I could consent to talk with him.

"Suddenly I broke out with a laugh that clings to me yet. The whole blessed time after telling him who I was I had danced around that telephone, making my fingers fly, twisting my face out of shape and making signs. Not a word had I uttered."—Detroit Free Press.

The Old Man's Query.

"So you want to marry my daughter?"

"Y-es, sir."

"Do you smoke?"

"N-o, sir."

"Take her! I've married off six daughters, and all the husbands have a particular fondness for my brand of cigars. You're a novelty."—Syracuse Herald.

TOWN TOPICS.

Outside barbarians will kindly note that Boston still has authors enough to form a considerable club.—Boston Globe.

The only trouble with the movement to make New York a beautiful city is that it begins at least 100 years too late.—Boston Globe.

Alderman Sherman is very much mistaken if he supposes that the principal objection to our New York aldermen is their bad grammar.—New York World.

Maybe the new cult of "gentleman burglars" in St. Louis is due to a knowledge that good manners are necessary to those who would enter the best houses.—St. Louis Republic.

"A clean street," says the Galveston News, "is a joy forever." Evidently the merchants of Galveston are not in the habit of having the refuse from their shops swept into the streets after the latter have been cleaned.—Chicago Times Herald.

One of the trunk line railroads in advertising its fast trains says it has made Cleveland a suburb of New York. This will not, however, help New York to keep ahead of Chicago in the census reports for any great length of time.—Chicago Times-Herald.

FRIENDSHIP OF RUSSIA.

What the Czar's Realm Offers to the United States.

VIEWS OF COUNT DE CASSINI.

Gigantic Field of Commerce Which Lies In Siberia—Big Railroad Line to Develop It—American Manufactures Declared to Be Better Than Any In the World.

Count de Cassini, the Russian embassador at Washington, recently discussed with the correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald the relations of his government to the United States and the possibilities of the "open door" in the orient.

"Whether or not the Russian open door at Vladivostok and Talien Wan is hospitable to American products is a matter of fact and not of argument," he said. "Russia has been decidedly friendly to the merchants and manufacturers of the United States. In the projection of vast enterprises under way in Siberia the imperial Russian government has been at some pains to seek American markets and to make important purchases therein.

"Russia has purchased from the United States thousands and thousands of tons of steel rails for the construction of the Siberian railroad. It also has purchased more than 300 locomotives in the United States. These have been shipped to Russia and Siberia and, together with the warships manufactured by the Cramps, make a considerable account. These purchases were not made altogether because the imperial Russian government was friendly to the United States, but because the manufactures of the United States are not only cheaper but better than any others in the world.

"When the United States, some 30 years ago, contemplated the Pacific railroads as a dream, the task was not as difficult as that which confronted Russia, but both succeeded. It is only necessary for America to look back to those days and remember the barren wastes of weary miles which have grown into prosperous and populous states to understand the possibilities which the Transsiberian railroad opens to the world.

"Siberia is equal in area to Canada and the United States. It is equal in diversified resources. A scattered population of about 5,000,000 occupies this empire. With the growth of the United States from similar causes as an example it is well within bounds to say that in Siberia lies the greatest market and the largest theater for American enterprise since the Pacific railroads opened up your own west.

"Russia offers the most alluring inducements to American capital to assist in the development of this empire. In the first place, all mining and agricultural machinery destined for this region is absolutely free of duty or other hindrance at the port of Talien Wan or Vladivostok. All articles of first necessity are also free, and the same is true of foodstuffs which enter largely into the life of the poorer classes.

"Russia is determined that the advantages freely offered to Americans shall be understood. To this end arrangements are being made for an American-Russian exhibit to follow the Paris exposition. Merchants and manufacturers will be invited to display their goods at either Moscow or St. Petersburg, and negotiations are being favorably considered by Russia to transfer the whole Russian exhibit at the Paris exposition to Philadelphia as a permanent exhibition. Americans who desire to avail themselves of the advantages of the Moscow or St. Petersburg exposition will be given greatly reduced freight rates and other substantial inducements to make this international affair a complete success and a lasting benefit to the two people concerned.

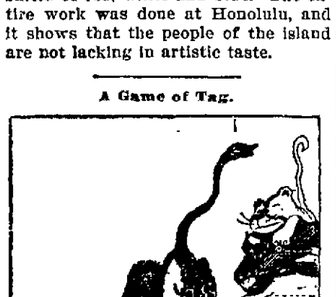
"So far as the China trade at Talien Wan is concerned, only the Chinese duties will be collected, but as the business at Talien Wan will be Siberian rather than Chinese of course the United States is more interested in the latter aspect. For this reason Russia has had to consider a very delicate and complicated problem in determining the answer to the United States concerning the open door.

"Primarily the door was open and will always remain open. It is a case of sheer necessity, but interests of imperial magnitude had to be safeguarded. The same assurance which would be very easy and natural in the case of a mere market port established for the same reason that a merchant opens a store could not be so easily given regarding a port intended to supply the wants of Siberia and be the entrepot of the gigantic commerce which will result when the Transsiberian railroad clips 30 to 40 days from the journey round the world."

Artistic Hawaiian Memorial.

Like an illuminated missal of old was the memorial which the Hawaiian people presented to congress recently, says the Washington Post. It was handsomely bound in seal leather, and the engrossing was in old German text, with the capital letters colored in red and gold, with all sorts of beautiful decorations. At the top of the memorial, which appeals to congress for some legislation for the islands, was a shield of red, white and blue. The entire work was done at Honolulu, and it shows that the people of the island are not lacking in artistic taste.

A Game of Tag.



Leo—Look out, young man; I'm it.—New York Journal.

FLAWS IN BIG GUNS.

INTERNAL DAMAGE CAUSED BY SUCCESSIVE DISCHARGES.

The "Erosive Action of Inflamed Gases" Causes the First Serious Injury—How the Projectile Helps to Kill the Gun.

The larger a cannon the more extensive are the injuries it receives with each successive discharge. All damage done to a gun is internal. The separate action of the powder and the projectile damages the piece every time it is aimed and fired. Obviously the amount of the damage depends upon the material and workmanship of the gun. Men who make big guns describe the harm done their pets with many intricate and puzzling terms of a scientific turn. In one case a gun is damaged because the part of the bore which contains the powder is enlarged. This happens when the metal is compressed, and it is more dangerous and more plainly seen if the gunners have been using wads between their explosive and their projectile.

Then, again, cavities are produced by the melting away of a part of the metal by the heat of combustion of the charge. Cracks come from the tearing asunder of the particles of the metal at the surface of the bore. When it is first made, a crack of this particular kind is barely perceptible, but it increases each time the gun is fired. Gradually it extends completely through the side of the piece. The crack usually begins at the junction of the chamber with the bore, simply because, as guns now are, this part is not so well supported as the others.

Edward S. Farrow, U. S. A., is authority on damage to guns, although, like all others who have studied the question, he does not agree with very many authorities on all the points to consider in the life of a cannon. He contends that furrowing or scoring produced by the erosive action of inflamed gases is the great disease which attacks the very big guns first. This particular injury is most apparent where the current of the gas is most rapid or at the interior orifice of the vent and on the surface of the bore, directly over the seat of the projectile. This scoring begins very early in the life of a very large gun, but it is conceded that it does not become very important until the piece has been discharged considerably. Lieutenant Farrow describes this scoring as resembling the bark of an aged elm tree, the metal being eaten away into irregular furrows and ridges. In extreme cases, however, scoring has not killed the gun, although in some cases it has acted like a wedge and split the bore at the place attacked.

Where the action of the projectile has ruined the gun the damage has been done around the projectile and in front of it. The elasticity of the metal and the crowding up of portions of it in front of the shot cause a rebounding process. The projectile, carried forward by the force of the charge, strikes against the upper part of the bore; then it is sent against the bottom and again bounds to the top, and so on until it emerges from the piece. The effect of this bounding motion is to raise and depress the gun in its trunnion holes. The accuracy of fire is diminished, and, of course, the gun is unfit for service. Bronze guns are the worst sufferers in this way. Mortars—short and dumpy—are not affected.

To stop the bounding of the projectile gunners wrap the shell in cloth or paper or else shift the base of the mass to be hurled. This last process is considered the best and is done by reducing the diameter of the cartridge and adding to its length. Projectile injury is also caused by furrows or scratches made by rough shells or case shot. Small fragments, too, break away very often from the shells and give the bore a grinding and cutting process, productive of great damage.

Enlargement of the muzzle is another serious injury produced by the projectile. This is caused by a process which seems unavoidable. As the shell leaves the piece it strikes against one portion of the bore. The resistance at the mouth being less than at any other point, the metal naturally yields, and the muzzle of the cannon is elongated in a vertical direction.

Some men who ought to know say that 150 shots is the life of a very big gun—a 12 or 13 inch weapon. Others place the number of shots at 400 or 500. As a matter of fact, it is all guesswork. The great Krupp gun shown at the World's fair and conceded to be perfect—or supposed to be so—has been discharged less than ten times, and it is now believed to have reached its limit. On the other hand, the big guns of the American battleships have passed the time allotted them by wise men who know guns and apparently are as good as when tested. How soon they may yield, however, is not in the books.

Lieutenant Farrow says that a very large gun should not be expected to stand more than 400 or 500 shots before it will be necessary to open a new vent, closing the old one at its interior orifice. When the gun dies—bursts—the lines of fracture are photographed. Specimens of the metal are saved. Tests are made and conclusions drawn. And Uncle Sam has figured out so many things in this same connection that his guns nowadays are conceded to be better than those of any other maker. They live longer than the wise ones say they should.—Chicago Times-Herald.

To Make Paris and Geneva Closer.

The project of building a shorter railway from Paris to Geneva is generally approved on the continent. It is estimated, according to the Chicago Record, that the laying of about 20 kilometers of rail, including the cutting of a tunnel through the Jura mountains, will be sufficient to effect a reduction of more than 100 kilometers in the length of the line. A committee composed of prominent French and Swiss newspaper men, town councilors and representatives has been appointed to further the project.

British and Boer Officers.

We should bear in mind that there is probably not an officer in South Africa fighting on our side who ever took part in campaigns prosecuted against white men according to modern tactics, says the London Shipping World. On the side of the Boers there are scores of trained European officers who know from military education and many from experience under great captains what the authorities recommend and admonish.

TRIP ACROSS THE VELDT.

Natal Worse Than Cuba For Barbed Wire Fences.

When the fight of Elandslaagte was over, it was late at night, and long before I could find the road to Ladysmith it had grown pitch dark. I set out with no misgiving, but by the time my horse had stumbled against four barbed wire fences, cutting himself badly, I began to lose confidence. It was like riding through Cuba. I rode on a walk, expecting more fences, and straining my eyes out of their sockets, like a mariner in a fog, looking for obstacles, writes a special correspondent of the New York Journal from Natal. Suddenly we went head first into a deep ditch or donga, as the Boers call it. These dongas are very like the banks of tide river creeks in New England, abrupt and neck high with mud.

Tired out with 13 continuous hours' hard riding and from the excitement of the day, I dragged myself and then my horse out of the mud. Soon we struck some ant hill country, which is worse than any prairie dog cities of the west. The ant bears had undermined the ground completely. From the Egyptian darkness came a voice. I would have rejoiced if it had been a Boer or an Apache Indian, but it proved to be the voice of an Englishman.

Together we followed the black line of the hills on the right. It was useless to attempt to reach the road. All that we could hope was that we might strike it unawares. Two more stragglers came into our ranks, and we moved cautiously onward, cutting our way through wire fences and making no effort to circumvent obstacles. To see man or horse in front was impossible, and the only means of keeping in touch was by shouting.

Painfully picking our path among stones and ant hills, we were brought up suddenly at the edge of a dark chasm. One of our company had fallen headlong into a spruit, or stream. When we had hauled him out and got his horse on to the bank, we congratulated ourselves on this timely discovery. This was Modder spruit and gave a clew to the road. As we were moving off along the stream toward the drift or ford a cry of distress pierced the darkness. Hurrying back, we were in time to pull an army medical officer out of the spruit.

At first he thought that he had fallen into the hands of the enemy, and for a time seemed doubtful whether he ought to be grateful. From the drift the journey was comparatively easy, though only two of the party—the Englishman and myself—succeeded in reaching Ladysmith that night. Four were swallowed up in the darkness and wandered about the wilderness of stone and grass until daylight. When the sentry challenged my entry into the town, my horse had carried me 19 hours.

REMARKABLE FOSSIL FIND.

Evidences of a Prehistoric Civilization Found In Kansas.

Evidences of a prehistoric civilization on what is now the broad prairie land of Kansas have just been dug from 30 feet below the surface of the ground by J. W. Dice, an Allen county farmer, says a Fort Scott (Kan.) dispatch to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Mr. Dice has also discovered some most remarkable fossils of ancient animals. His first discovery was on the banks of the Neosho river, where that stream joins his farm, near Neosho Falls. It consisted of the skeletons of two immense buffaloes which were found standing erect between 20 and 25 feet below the surface. Their positions were natural, indicating that they had been suddenly caught by some subterranean disturbance or swallowed by a bed of quicksand. Immediately over them was growing a walnut tree measuring four feet in diameter. This tree was without doubt between 300 and 400 years old.

Most interesting, however, of the discoveries by Mr. Dice are parts of a human image, which seems to have been made out of concrete, though it may have been carved from a peculiar stone not known to this age. These pieces were found about 30 feet beneath the surface. To ascertain to what age they belonged or what hands probably made them will be an interesting study for scientists. The workmanship seems to have been as artistic as modern sculpture. The vicinity in which they were found was occupied by the Indians until about 35 years ago and since that time it has been an unfrequented prairie.

Storing a Sawed Off Leg, $3,450.

The executors of the eccentric millionaire, John H. Pearson of Concord, N. H., the contest over whose will was settled recently, have been called upon to pay many peculiar claims from creditors. One of these was for storing an amputated leg of Mr. Pearson, says the New York Sun. Eleven years ago Mr. Pearson had to have one of his legs amputated. He decided to keep the leg and have it buried with him. He accordingly handed it over to a Concord druggist with orders to preserve it and produce it for burial at the proper time. This the druggist did. One of the bills presented to the executors is for "the storage and care of John H. Pearson's amputated leg," the charge being $3.450, or about $1 a day, not including Sundays.

Good Reason to Be Superstitious.

"Superstitious!" he exclaimed. "Of course I am superstitious. I sat down to dinner as one of a party of 13 once on the 13th of the month, and 13 courses were served."

"And one of them died?"

"Yes, sir. One of them died."

"How soon after the dinner?"

"Thirteen years after. Oh, I tell you, when 13 sit down to dinner it's a dead sure thing that somebody is going to die some time."—Chicago Post.

Red Paint In New England.

As one drives through the country, towns all over Maine one can hardly fail to notice the frequent old red barn and oftentimes a whole set of farm buildings painted this conspicuous color. Query was made as to the reason therefor. It seems red paint is cheapest, far cheaper than white lead paint, and so far as serviceableness goes lasts as long and sheds the rain as well. Long may the little red farmhouse brighten our New England landscapes. —Bangor Whig and Courier.

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A. W. HARDMAN.

The Transcript Building, Bank street, North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by the Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY

From seal of the city of North Adams.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 2, 1900

ADVERTISERS in the Transcript are the best business men in the community. Their advertisements are worth reading and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

ZOLA WINS HIS CASE

Emile Zola has won his case in Paris It means that Zola is a greater lion, that Labori has added something more to his reputation, that a Paris editor is blacker than he used to be, that a stain has been removed from the name of Zola's father and that another dark blot has been placed on the name of Colonel Henry, now dead, but once the king of forgers. Zola's father had been an army officer and left the service because of some friction. At this late day an enemy of the author of the famous "J'accuse" letter, Emile Zola, sought to square with him for his part in the Dreyfus drama and published an article defaming the memory of Zola pere. Emile, more careful of his father's reputation than of his own, bombarded the editor of the offending newspaper with withering rhetoric. The editor began proceedings against Zola, and Zola declared he would prove the attacks on his father's name were false and that he had done nothing but tell the truth about the editor. And so he did. He showed that the "dossier" of his father was in the possession of the "general staff," that it had been in the custody of the infamous Henry and that that Henry tampered with the documents to place a stain on the memory of the parent Zola, who was then arousing France to the national shame of the Dreyfus case. The whole thing was an outcome of the Dreyfus affair and ended so happily for Zola that his admirers presented him a gold medal bearing his own medallion.

CHEAPER GAS AGITATION

There is a swelling movement in this state looking to cheaper gas. It had its rise in the recent decision of the gas commission relative to the gas situation in Haverhill.

In Haverhill they had a gas company which was making so much money out of its monopoly that it was really getting ashamed of being known to be taking so much money out of the people. But it never occurred to the company to cut down the price of gas. On the contrary, it occurred to it to find some way by which it could continue receiving the tooabundant public alms. It projected a new company of large capitalization to buy out the old company of small capitalization so that a nice pile could be made in the transfer and so that the earnings would not look so big spread over the new and large capitalization. They were shamefully large on the old and small capitalization.

But at this point the people of Haverhill took a hand and succeeded, after much work, in rousing the state gas commission to a sense of its public duty. They got the commission thoroughly aroused and, after exhaustive investigation, down went the price of gas in Haverhill to 80 cents by order of the commission.

The Haverhill case, together with offers to cities outside of the state to have their gas supplied as low as 50 cents, has bestirred several Massachusetts cities to see what they can do through the legislature to reduce the tax they pay to their gas monopolies by way of prices for gas.

Now appears the city of Lynn in the legislature and asks the passage of an order that the gas commission investigate the Lynn gas situation. Brockton takes advantage of the opportunity and asks for the same attention. Everett, Quincy and Newburyport follow suit, and the question is pending in the house of representatives. In fact it has been moved that the investigation include the whole state; and it looks as if the legislature means business, for a motion to table the whole matter has been voted down emphatically.

The murmurings that have been heard in the state since the Haverhill case terminated so favorably for the city clearly indicate that there are many cities at present believing they are paying a very high price for a poor quality of gas. The fact is fully recognized that gas companies have a perfect monopoly, competition being wholly or almost wholly out of the question, and it seems to be the sentiment that the gas commission should be vigilant to prevent the people suffering from the supposed inevitable consequence of monopoly—exhorbitant prices.

Who wonders that the Molineux trial has had to be repeatedly postponed on account of the illness of a juror? The mass of expert testimony heaped upon the jurymen is almost as dangerous to life as the mercurie cyanide Mrs. Adams is alleged to have been poisoned with.

Two governors are more than Massachusetts can afford, but it looked for a time last fall as if she should have to put up with two lieutenant-governors.

There's a saving element in everything. If they didn't make such good whiskey in Kentucky one would be inclined to say "A plague upon the place.

The widow of General Lawton did not hear of the Lawton fund until she arrived in this country the other day. When told that many thousands of the citizens of the country in whose service her husband lost his life had contributed about $100,000 so that she might not want for material things she was overcome with her emotion and wept. It is in the lives of few women to suffer such a loss and to have such a national tribute paid in the bereavement. There is, after all a great beauty shining out of some of the stern realities of war.

Senator Tolman is after the newspapers somewhat. He wants legislation "to protect candidates for public office from groundless accusations in newspapers and to enforce suitable retractions." Of his bill it is reported:

"The bill accompanying the petition provides for a careful investigation by the proprietor or publisher of a paper before printing any editorial or other article, which shall not be printed unless he is furnished with the name of some reliable person who makes himself responsible therefor, and in case of such publication the publisher or proprietor shall immediately furnish the name of the person who authorized it. If it shall prove unfounded a retraction shall be published in a conspicuous place and type. A minimum penalty of $100 is provided."

Sir Edward Grey, liberal member for Berwick-on-Tweed, speaking in parliament on the amendment to the speech in reply to the address from the throne voices the exact situation in England. He says:

"There are differences of opinion among the opposition, but the amendment is not intended to cover those differences. We cannot withhold censure for what is past; but we are prepared to give our government our support in the future, and are prepared to help in prosecuting the war to the end. The dominating object of the government's policy is equality of rights between the white races in South Africa, and next in point of importance, to see that never again shall it be possible for a vast arsenal to be formed there under other control than that of Great Britain. To that end the government shall have our support."

It is admitted that Campbell-Bannerman has failed in leading the opposition, that he has not united the political and other opponents of the government and that, the Irish refraining to vote, the vote in favor of the government will be very decisive. The expected has happened; the situation is too acute to play politics with it. The people of Great Britain would not stand that so it will not be attempted.

Sweet Love of One

Sweet love of one—my heart at last
Rests perfectly in thee,
In thy deep calm the weary past
As nothing is to me.

Sweet love of one—so set apart,
I know thee as the key
Into the restless, hungry heart
Of all humanity.

Sweet love of one—sweet love of one,
The Master craved thy rest,
And loving all and serving all,
Held one upon his breast.
—Antoinette Alcott Bassett in Boston Transcript.

Germany's Wonderful Stride

In an article on "The United States of the World," written by George Leland Hunter, in Ainslee's, we find this interesting outline of Germany's progress in the last twenty years: "The German empire learning wisdom from England, and perhaps from remembering the ambitions of the Great Elector two centuries before, refused to be content with land empire and longed for the freedom of the sea. They went to British shipyards and learned how to put together the enormous shells of steel that are used today for commerce and for war upon the ocean. In many rspects, they have already surpassed their teachers.

"In the short space of sixteen years the Germans have acquired colonies with five times the area and one-fifth the population of the mother country. As the most fertile spots of the earth had already been preempted, however, they were obliged to take what had been neglected by others as of no account. The first rich prize they secured was Kiao Chau Bay, with the province of Shantung as a sphere of influence. Here they will have an opportunity to show what German patience, German thrift and German method can accomplish. Judging by what has been done in less promising colonies, the result will be gratifying to German expansionists, of whom Emperor William is first.

GERMANY IN CHINA.

"In China there is every reason why Germans should align themselves with the great commercial nations. German manufacturers have reached a point where they can compete in open market with any in the world. What they ask now is that their government should give them an oportunity to compete. And while Agraian influence has in the past hampered trade relations—notably with the United States—the industrial growth of Germany is such that the political power of the Agrarians is diminishing. Of course, the Germans would not be too modest to undertake alone the exploitation of the whole of China but that is impossible.

"While no one can prophesy with certainty what great power is some day to occupy Constantinople, it is significant that the Germans are exploiting commercially not only Turkey, but the Balkan States. German capital has taken advantage of the friendship existing between the Kaiser and the Sultan to secure concessions in Turkey for the building of railways and the introduction of steamship lines. The influence that France once exercised in the Levant has been superseded by German influence. The influence of Russia, still great because of fear, becomes less in proportion as the Sultan leans more upon his friend, Emperor William. The theatrical trip of the latter to Palestine was an outward sign of this. England, it should be noted, appears to be content to allow Germany to grow at the expense of Russia.

HER SWEEP IN PERSIA.

"In Persia again, German and English interests are opposed to Russian interests. When the Germans build to Bagdad, the railway for which they already have a concession, and which the Sultan is eager to have constructed, it can be made to pay only by extending it through Persia to connect with the English railway in India. This would complete the overland route from Berlin and the west to Bombay and would make Persia to a considerable extent commercially subsidiary to German merchants in Turkey. On the other hand if Russia seized Bender Abbas, on the Persian gulf, and connected by rail with the Russian railways systems to the north, Russia would have in Persia another vassal state, and would be in a position to weaken German influence in Turkey. Also, England would find it difficult to prevent Russia from becoming predominant in Persia, as she now is in northern Persia. Together, England and Germany, can to their mutual advantage open Persia to the commerce of the world, and, while maintaining its nominal independence, produce modern civilization.

THE NEW DRIEBUND.

"The association of the German empir , the British empire and the United States for purposes of mutual advantage is the greatest guarantee of peace the world has ever had. The united power of the three nations, even without Japan and Italy—I say nothing about Austria-Hungary—is so preponderant that war against them would mean the annihilation of the French and Russian fleets, and even though French and Russian armies should—which is more than doubtful—be victorious on land, it would be a barren victory, and they would, in the end, be obliged to capitulate to the powers that control the sea. Even if war were a possible contingency, the stake for which the Germans, who would have to bear the brunt of it, are playing is so tremendous as to justify their taking the risk. With the assurance that war is out of the question, Germany cannot hesitate. On the one hand is a sure prospect of commercial progress, which will cast into the shade the brilliant record made by the German empire in the past 30 years; on the other is uncertainty and doubt.

"There are many in Germany, England and the United States, as well as elsewhere, to oppose the modernizing of the world, many in whom the spirit of anarchy is so strong that they prefer a feudal world in which petty states are allowed to perpetuate misgovernment, many who decry commercial civilization and fight with words for what they term the rights of barbarism, many who object to a world peace obtained by means of an international policy. But their protests will grow fainter and fainter as civilization, confident in its reorganizing ability, fertilizes the desert and brings plenty where poverty was before, substitutes systems of imperial justice for petty tyranny, teaches millions to know necessities they never dreamed of, and shows them how, by patient work to satisfy the new wants, educates them mentally, uplifts them morally and puts them into vital touch with the rest of human kind."

"A friendly understanding with Germany which is by necessity a military nation, and by choice a commercial nation, will be welcome to all who speak the English language. We are proud of what Count von Bulow calls the wonderful vitality of the German people that has involved them in the world's administration and drawn them into the world's policy, and we shall rejoice to see the Germans reap the reward that comes to those who work. It will be a great satisfaction to us in the United States to see those of German descent here, who have so heartily given their undivided allegiance to the new country, able without reproach to indulge their affection for the Fatherland. It will be a great satisfaction to those whom Emperor William refuses to recognize as German-Americans—for he recently said, "I know Germans and I know Americans, but I do not know German-Americans—to have Germany more closely allied to the liberal nations."

PEANUTINE, something new. Gale, 90 Main street, makes it.

Gale, 90 Main street, is making pop-

A Card

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Wilson House Drug store, Seve nce & Co., Williamstown, Galvin & Co., Greylock, Brown & O'Connor, Braytonville, C. J. Whitney, Briggsville, M. L. Whitney, Stamford, Vt., Silas Mason, Hartwellville, Vt., C. A. Stroud, North Adams, William Orr, Jr.

Rare Bargains
in
Silver Tea Sets
Silver Tea Sets
Silver Tea Sets
Cut Glass
Cut Glass
Cut Glass
FINE
Repairing and Engraving
Repairing and Engraving
Repairing and Engraving
WHITE'S
87 Main Street

ASK FOR
CAMPHO-COFFEE
—PILLS
FOR
HEADACHES
A Sure Relief
Sold by all Druggists

Safe Headache Powders

This is something unusual, but it is a fact nevertheless that our Powders are perfectly safe and a positive cure—10 Cents at

Farley's Pharmacy,
6 Blackinton Block. Holden Street
Telephone 157-3.

What Does It Mean?

It means that Peter Harrington & Co. have bargains every day in the week in Meats and Provisions. Here's a few—

Legs of Lamb, not mutton,	12c lb.
Nice choice Sirloin Steak,	16c lb.
Porterhouse Steak, large tenderloin,	20c lb.
Choice Chickens,	14c lb.
Young Turkeys	16c lb.
Young Geese	15c lb.
Pork Loins	10c lb.
Pork Chops	10c lb.
Pork Shoulders	9c lb.

Peter Harrington & Co.,
59 Center Street.

BOSTON STORE | BOSTON STORE

Today Today
We begin the spring season of 1900 with new goods in every department

Boston Store, Blackinton Block

F. H. Ruggles

As arrangements have been made with me to take the agency for a Ladies' Shoe well known in this city and as I have placed a larger order for these goods than was ever taken by the manufacturer outside of the larger cities, I must make room for the new goods before March 1st. I shall discontinue many lines I now have and to close them out quick shall make a

Great Reduction Sale

Of all Winter stock and lines that I am to discontinue.

Ladies' Shoes

$4.50 Edwin C. Burt's fine kid button, patent tips, Goodyear welt, and turned, reduced to	3.00
$4 Edwin C. Burt's fine kid button, patent tip, military heel, Goodyear welt, all new this season.	2.75
$4 Edwin C. Burt's calf lace shoes, English last, welted soles, new goods, reduced to	2.75
$3 kid button and lace, both turned and welted soles, English last and opera, reduced to	2.00
$3 Russia tanned lace, welted sole, English, new goods, reduced to	1.75
$2.50 kid button and lace, all styles toe, patent and kid tip, new goods, reduced to	1.75
Ladies wearing A, B, C widths, sizes 2 to 4, can find some rare values here.	
$1.50 satin Juliette, red and black,	.98
All our warm lined shoes in lace and congress reduced to	.75
$1 warm slippers reduced to	.69
One lot women's slippers, flannel lined.	.39
One lot ladies' satin slippers, different colors, were 1 98,	.79

Men's Shoes

$6 patent leather, laced, good shoes, but narrow widths,	3.50
$4 tanned laced shoes, extra high cut, double sole,	3.00
$3.50 enamel and box calf, heavy double sole, English last,	2.75
$3.50 russet laced shoes, heavy double sole, welted,	2.75
$3 men's tan and black in high cut, English last, heavy double sole,	2.25
$3 men's winter russet, English last, heavy double sole,	2.19
$2.50 men's winter russet and box calf, heavy double sole,	1.89
$2 men's shoes in satin calf and all kinds to go at	1.69
$2 winter russet, heavy sole,	1.59
$1.40 men's tan and black opera slippers, hand sewed, chamois lined,	.62
Men's buckle arctics, 1.50 quality, now	1.19

All of these goods are new goods, bought for this season's trade, and reduced in price only to close them out to make room for the big new line.

A few extra long rubber boots for men $2.25. Woonsocket rubber boots for men $2.75

F. H. RUGGLES,
89 Main Street, North Adams

AUCTION! AUCTION

I will sell at auction sale tonight, tomorrow afternoon and tomorrow night the

Bankrupt Stock of Cohen Brothers

Consisting of Furniture, Stoves, Ranges, Couches, Lounges, Rockers of all kinds, White Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Woven Wire Springs and Matresses, writing Desks, Parlor suits, sideboards, Extension Tables, Pictures, Clocks, Crockery, 5 and 10 cent goods.

This stock must be sold tonight, tomorrow afternoon and tomorrow night at any price. Don't miss this opportunity to buy goods at your own price. Sale begins at 7 p. m. Feb. 2 and Saturday at 2 p. m. and 7 p. m. Feb. 3. Remember the place, 55 Center St., Columbia Opera House Block.

C. L. FRINK, Auctioneer

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A complete traveler's guide, with railroad, street railway and postoffice timetables will be found on page 6.

News item of interest are gladly received by The Transcript, and should be left at the office as early in the day as possible.

Communications on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must in every case be accompanied by the names of the writers (not necessarily for publication if good reason for withholding them is shown,) and must be brief to insure publication.

Notices of meeting and events intended for the "Tonight's Events" department must be left at the office by 10 o'clock in the morning to insure insertion.

The Transcript's telephone number for counting room and news departments is 230.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

Gov. Phipps.

1657—Sir William Phipps, or Phips, famous as governor of Massachusetts, born in Pemaquid, Me.; died 1695. Phipps' career began on board a ship, where he served as carpenter. He then built a vessel of his own and amassed a fortune by raising vessels wrecked off the Bahamas. He commanded the naval forces at the siege of Quebec in 1690.

1848—Treaty of peace between the United States and Mexico signed at Guadalupe; end of Mexican war.

1856—General David Hunter, a veteran of the Union army, died at Washington; born there 1802.

1888—Mary Howitt, English authoress, died at Rome; born 1804.

1894—The famous war corvet Kearsarge, which vanquished the Confederate cruiser Alabama in 1864, wrecked during a storm on Roncador reef, in the Caribbean sea.

1897—Infanta Maria Louise Fernando (Duchess of Montpensier) of Spain, sister of Queen Isabella, died in Madrid, aged 65.

1899—Rev. Dr. C. S. Robinson, noted Presbyterian hymn writer, died in New York city; born 1839.

TONIGHT'S EVENTS.

Knights of Columbus concert and ball in Wellington hotel and Odd Fellows' hall.
Wilson theater—Burrill comedy company.
Robert Treat Paine, jr., democratic club meets.
Sugar-eat in Congregational chapel by King's Daughters.
Glee club concert in normal school hall.
Installation of St. Jean Baptiste society officers in society hall, followed by social and reception in Columbia theater.
Moulders' union meets.
Jacques Cartier meets.
Clan McIntyre meets.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—Dr. Millard and Dr. Simpson are the attending physicians at the hospital for the month of February.

—The regular weekly cake sale will be held at the Baptist church tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

—The state railroad commissioners are to be in Pittsfield February 13 to look over the various rival routes for electric roads from Pittsfield to Lenox.

—At a meeting of the L. C. B. A. of Notre Dame church, held Thursday evening Dr. Mignault was elected physician.

—The regular meeting of the Order of the Eastern Star was held Thursday evening. Whist was played after the routine business had been transacted.

—Miss Kate Arnold of this city will be the soprano soloist in "The Mikado," which is being rehearsed by the Berkshire choral club of Williamstown.

—William J. Mackey, who managed the local baseball team last summer, has been engaged to coach the Colgate university team next season.

William H. Taylor left the city today for Boston, where he will resume his studies on the U. S. S. Enterprise. In the summer he will take a six months' cruise.

—The St. Jean Baptiste society has requested Clan McIntyre to meet at 8.30 this evening instead of 7.30 as usual, as the society is to install its officers tonight at 7.30.

—Miss Annie Butler entertained the Thursday afternon whist club. Prizes were won by Miss Lilla Kent, Mrs. John Kennedy and Mrs. L. A. Mackenzie.

—Pittsfield druggists are discussing the plan of holding a banquet in the Wendell February 21, to which all the druggists in the county would be invited.

—Candlemas services were held today in the two Catholic churches of the city, and the candles to be used during the coming year in the services of the church were blessed.

—Those who will take part in the tennis dance in "Zephra" have been chosen as follows. Misses Margaret Heggie, Lillian Tobin, Nellie Burton, Mabel Carter, Clara Livermore, Ethel Brockwood, Mae Slade, Essie Whipple.

—The funeral of Mrs. Bernard Bridgman, which was to have been held at St. Francis church this morning, was postponed till tomorrow morning on account of the Candlemas day services.

—The nurses' alumnae association of the North Adams training school will hold its regular monthly meeting at the hospital next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The subject will be "obstetrics."

—Peter Oulman of this city has accepted the invitation to speak at the smoke talk of the loomfixers' union of Adams this evening. All the loomfixers of Williamstown and this city are invited to attend.

—The social and dance by the weavers' union will be held next week Saturday evening. All weavers' of this city and vicinity are invited and the affair will be free to them. An excellent program is being prepared.

—The county commissioners will hold their regular meeting Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock, at which time a decision regarding the abatement of the taxes of Romanzo Stevens of Richmond will be given, among other business.

—These real estate transfers have been made: A. N. Gelineau to J. R. Ouimette $2700, D. L. Jackson to G. A. Underwood $850, C. F. Lucey to Eliza J. Lucey $600, C. H. Reed to E and M. Labelle $1700 and Victor Wilmot to A. N. Gelineau $2700.

—The Foresters initiated several candidates at their regular meeting last night.

—A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Lauone of 28 East Main street.

—A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Chartrand of River street extension.

—There was a large audience in St. John's parish house last evening for the entertainment by the choir.

—Miss Catherine Haskins of Lynn, who has been visiting friends in this city for a week, has returned home.

—A six-inch water main on Union street above the second bridge burst yesterday and was repaired yesterday and today.

—The success club will hold a special meeting tonight at the Y. M. C. A. and there will be a special business meeting of the association.

—The Hand-in-hand team will play the strong St. Peter's Lyceum team tomorrow night and the Williams Freshmen will play the Independents.

—Williams will be represented at the annual indoor meet of the Boston Athletic association to be held in Boston tomorrow evening, by a relay team, which will run against Amherst. Men will also be entered in a majority of the other events.

—Bryan's visit to Pittsfield has one amusing incident. There is a performance of "The little Minister" at the theater there in the evening, and all the railroads are advertising reduced round trip fares for Monday, giving all an opportunity to take in the "Grand combination of William J. Bryan and 'The little minister,' affording a full round of pleasure."

The Sons of St. George initiated two candidates last night and received three applications for membership. A delegation will go to Adams tomorrow night to attend a smoke talk to be held by the Adams lodge. The party will leave on the 7.20 car. The Rudyard Kipling fund has grown to over $300, and the subscription will be closed February 15.

—Nearly all the teachers of the city went to Pittsfield today on the special train leaving here at 8 o'clock, to attend the meeting of the county teachers' association. The teachers from Williamstown and Adams went on the same train, while a number of others took advantage of its special service to the county seat. Meanwhile the school children have been enjoying themselves at home.

—The number of enlistments at the Springfield recruiting station for the month of January was only nine. Forty-two men were rejected. This is the smallest number of recruits for any month since the recruiting station was opened. It is thought that the falling off was due to the order forbidding any more enlistments for services in the Philippines. During the month of December there were 23 men enlisted.

—The ladies' night of North Adams lodge, No. 179, A. O. U. W., which was to be held on Monday evening, February 5, has been postponed on account of the Bryan meeting on the same evening, to Wednesday evening, February 7. The Grand Master Workman Nathan Crary, and Rev. C. F. Hill Crathern of South Braintree will be the speakers of the evening. A musical entertainment will be given.

—The final deeds transferring the large tract of land between Davis and Federal and Pierce and Kenwood streets in Greenfield from John D. Pierce to local men were filed yesterday. The deeds are from John D. Pierce to Fred F. Dowlin, E. H. Beer, C. T. Phelps and George A. Hastings. The consideration is $16,700. There was also filed a deed from Marshall R. Dowlin of this city to John D. Pierce of four lots of land on the corner of Davis and Norwood streets.

Six Cold Weeks Coming

According to the ground-hog theory for Candlemas day, the next six weeks will be clear and cold, the ground hog having been able to see a very sharp shadow as he came out to look around this morning.

Opening of the Darrow

It is expected that the new Darrow hotel at the corner of Bank and Summer streets will be opened for business either Monday or Tuesday of next week. The furniture is nearly in shape, and the hotel will open in excellent form for conducting a successful business.

Must Have Bells on Sleighs

Attention is called to the fact that there is a statute compelling drivers of sleighs to see to it that the vehicle is supplied with bells. This is a law that is very frequntly neglected, but as there is danger in so doing, the local police issue a warning to drivers that it will be enforced.

Presentation to Clerks

The employes of the Richmond house gathered in the hotel parlors last evening, and presented William Newman, the retiring clerk of the hotel, with a masonic charm, and Robert Darrow, who has been second clerk, with a set of gold cuff buttons and studs. The presentations were made by the new clerk, Charles A. Hammond, and the occasion was a very pleasant social one.

Death of Mrs. Belanger

Delphine, wife of Joseph Belanger, died last night at her home, 441 Union street, in the 40th year of her age. She suffered an attack of typhoid pneumonia two months ago and never recovered from its effects. She had been running down since that time and her death was not altogether unexpected.

Mrs. Belanger was a native of Canada, but had lived in this city for a number of years and was highly respected by all who knew her. She was a woman of many estimable qualities, and a large number of friends will sincerely mourn her death. She is survived by her husband and several children, who have much sympathy in their bereavement.

The funeral will be held at Notre Dame church tomorrow morning.

Gale, 90 Main street, is making popcorn CRISPETTES, try them.

PEANUTINE, something new. Gale, 90 Main street, makes it.

May Be New Militia Company

Pittsfield is again in hope of being able to secure a militia company, from a letter just received.

When the Spanish war fever was on the military spirit ran high in Pittsfield and efforts were made to organize a Pittsfield company. The boys got togther and drilled under John Nicholson, and under his leadership the proper authorities were petitioned to grant the request for the formation of a company here. The aldermen and mayor approved this petition in 1898 and it was sent to Boston, where it has since been on record. On Wednesday Chief of Police Nicholson received a letter from the inspector general at Boston, which said:

John Nicholson, Pittsfield, Mass.:

Sir—I have been directed to supervise the inspection of the petitioners for new companies in the M. V. militia and among the petitions I find one with your name at the head, dated June 20, 1898. Is it still your wish that this should be considered?

Very respectfully,
J. L. Carter, Inspector General.
Boston, Jan. 30, 1900.

Hearing Postponed Indefinitely

The case of the West Side Foundry company of Troy against the Sullivan brothers of this city, which has been heard before an auditor this week, has been posponed for a number of months, indefinitely. Mr. Sleicher of the Troy company is going to Europe to be gone four months, and the case is postponed till his return, and possibly after that. About $500 is involved in the case, which is on account of material furnished the Sullivan brothers for their new building. This was not delivered till after contract time, the cause being a strike in the foundry. The foundry company claims that the contract was to not bind them in case of accidents or strikes.

NORTH POWNAL

Those having ice houses to fill are improving the opportunity while the sleighing lasts. Ice 11 to 15 inches is being secured.

Eugene Tebedeau, is to open an ice cream parlor next season.

Miss Grace Campbell was in town and spent Sunday with Mrs. Clayton Thompson.

Mrs. Alice Smith and daughter of Haundle, N. Y., is visiting relatives here.

The Towslee Brothers are hauling wood to the lime kilns.

PEANUTINE, something new. Gale, 90 Main street, makes it.

SINCE SISTER'S GOT A BEAU.

There's quite a change around at home,
and all is now serene
Where once upon a time war raged and
troubles I had seen.
The reason this is brought about to you I
mean to show.
It's all because a man comes here, and he
is sister's beau.

I don't know how she captured him, but
he comes here just the same,
And for fear that he will stay away I will
not give his name.
But I only hope he'll always come; I really love him so,
For everything is now so nice since sister's got a beau.

I can spin my top in the parlor and generally have my way.
Yesterday a boy cut loose my kite, and sis
bought one today.
She also gave me marbles and took me to
a show.
I feel so happy now to say that sister's
got a beau.

The roosters and the chickens all seem to
be so proud,
And the cats upon the back yard fence at
night sing extra loud;
The birds up in the tree tops their happiness do show,
And this has all been brought about since
sister's got a beau.

I hope some one will make him come; I
only wish I could.
Yes, there's two bits a week I get for
keeping ma in wood.
I'll give this money to this man—sis calls
him Mr. Joe—
Because I'm having too good a time for
sis to lose that beau.

—A. C. Phelps in New Orleans Picayune.

New Art Gallery In Paris.

Ere long Paris will possess another picture gallery, with a collection of no little interest, since it is entirely devoted to the works of one of our greatest contemporary artists, says The Magazine of Art. Gustave Moreau, the painter, who died about two years ago, bequeathed to his native city the house in which he lived, and in which are collected about 8,000 paintings, water color drawings and studies by him. The house is 14 Rue de la Rochefoucauld.

Belgian Hare Trade.

We commend the Belgian hare to our growers, says the Florida Times-Union. Every trucker has enough waste left from his vegetable shipments, together with our free growing legumes, cowpeas, velvet beans, etc., to grow quantities of the finest meat.

Big Oysters From Japan.

Oyster cutlets will soon be on the menu of the Pacific states, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Fifty barrels of the famous Yesso oysters of Japan, which grow to the length of a foot, will be planted in the tide water of Washington and Oregon.

The Fur Seal as an Animal.

Mr. David Starr Jordan, president of the Bering sea commission for 1896, and George Archibald Clark, secretary to the commission, say in The Forum:

The male fur seal, or "beachmaster," reaches full maturity at the age of 7 years. At that time his weight is about 400 to 500 pounds, being considerably heavier when first in from the sea in the spring or after feeding in the fall than in the intervening period, when he fasts on land and grows gradually lean and weak. The males vary considerably in color, the general shade being black or dark brown, with longer hair or bristles of yellowish white. These are especially long and numerous on the thickened back of the neck, forming the so called "wig."

The wigged males have a rough, coarse coat, and their skins are without market value. The animal makes its home on the rocky shores of the islands in large, closely massed bands, forming what are called "rookeries." It is extremely gregarious, individuals seldom venturing far from the main body while on land, though wandering about singly in the sea.

Gale, 90 Main street, is making popcorn CRISPETTES, try them.

Gale, 90 Main street, is making popcorn CRISPETTES, try them.

HE GOT A SCARE.

And Probably Won't Take a Drink In the Dark Again.

An east end man had a scare the other night. He was going out with his wife and was ready to start when it occurred to him to step into the bathroom and get a drink of water. The room was dark, but he had no trouble in feeling out the glass and holding it under the cold water faucet.

"Come, Henry!" his wife called from below.

"Yes, my dear," he answered, and he put the glass to his lips and took a hasty gulp. As the liquid slipped down his throat he almost dropped the glass. Something went down with the water—something that didn't belong there, something that squirmed and wriggled, something alive!

He spilled the contents of the matchbox in getting a light. But of what use was a light? The thing was gone. He fancied he could feel it worming its way down the long, red alimentary lane.

He tried to steady his voice.

"Jennie," he called down the stairs, "get me some mustard and water quick! I've swallowed a snake!"

Instead of getting the mustard and water his devoted helpmeet came flying up the stairs.

"What did you say?" she cried.

"I said I'd swallowed a snake," he groaned. "Don't look at me like that. Can't you see how I'm suffering? Get me the mustard, quick!"

"You swallowed a snake!" she blankly repeated.

"Yes, a snake!" he cried; "snake, snake, snake! Do you want me to spell it? You know what a snake is, don't you? Get me that mustard."

"But why should you swallow a snake?"

"I don't know why. It came out of the faucet into the glass. Please get me"—

"Be quiet, Henry. Don't alarm the house. Let me think. Oh, I have it!"

And to the disgust of the suffering man the wife of his bosom leaned against the wall and giggled delightedly.

"What's the joke?" he feebly demanded.

"Let me get my breath," she cried. "It's too funny! Listen. I was at the dentist's today, and he gave me some fine rubber bands to use between my teeth. I brought them in here, and one of them must have dropped in the glass. That's the snake you swallowed."

And she had another attack of the giggles.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Weighing the Baby.

The weighing of infants, a part of the routine in children's hospitals and of the greatest value as an indicator of health or disease, is unfortunately not so common as it should be in private families. Dr. Graham, discussing a paper by Dr. Griffith at the Philadelphia Pediatric society, says, "The rule that a child has double its birth weight at the fifth month and triple at from the twelfth to the fourteenth month makes a very good and useful working record."

PEANUTINE, something new. Gale, 90 Main street, makes it.

DIED

In this city, February 1, Arthur, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Macksey.

In this city, January 31, Catherine, wife of Bernard Bridgman, aged 43 years.

In this city, January 30 Helen, infant daughter of Mrs. Ruth Vaughn.

At North Pownal, Vt., Jan. 30, Mrs. Harriet Hibbard, aged 89 years.

In this city, February 1, Delphine, wife of Joseph Belanger, aged 39 years and 9 months.

MENU FOR SUPPER AT G. A. R. HALL, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3.

Baked Beans. French Fried Potatoes
Cold Sliced Ham.
Wheat Bread. Brown Bread
Hot Tea Biscuit.
Cabbage Salad Pickled Beets
Assorted Cake
Tea Coffee.
Ice Cream 10 cents extra.

PEANUTINE, something new. Gale, 90 Main street, makes it.

Gale, 90 Main street, is making popcorn CRISPETTES, try them.

JAFFE'S

Final Mark Down Sale

For 10 Days Only Beginning Saturday, Feb. 3, at 8 a. m.

Before our annual stock taking we have collected all the REMNANTS AND ODD LOTS. The accumulation of our past year's business and shall close them out with LITTLE REGARD TO COST.

Come early as the lots are small and the prices smaller.

Ladies' Tailor Made Jackets

All wool materials, box and tight-fitting effects, lined throughout, coats that have been selling from $8 to $12 each marked now for quick disposal at the one uniform price of

$3.50

Ladies' Tailor Made Suits at $6.98.

Made of strictly all-wool homespun and cheviots, fly fronts and tight-fitting effects, lined throughout and well worth $12 and $14 each, marked for quick sale at

6.98

Separate Black Brilliantine Skirts well worth 4.00 5.00 and 6.00, all marked at one price,

2.50

Tailor-made Skirts of all wool oxford and homespun, lined throughout with good percaline, velvet bound, worth 6.00, price to close,

3.50

Double-faced rainy-day Skirts with rows of stitching at bottom, usual price 4.00, price to close

2.98

Plush Capes worth 7.00 and 8.00, special at

2.98

Children's Reefers

Children's Reefers that were 4.00and 6.00 special.

1.50 and 2.98

Ladies' Waists

Ladies' Velvet Waists that were 3.00 and 4.00 to close

1.98

Ladies' Silk Waists that were 4.00 and 5.00 to close

2.75

Ladies' French Flannel Waists regular price 1.50, to close at

98c

Domestics

Feather ticking, best quality, regular price, 18c, special 12½
Light and dark prints 7c and 8c, to close odd lot 4c yd
Turkey red damask 23c yd
Bleached damask 25c, regular price 39c.
Bleached and unbleached damask 50c special 39c
Bleached damask 59c, regular price 75c.
Odd lot of dinner napkins, prices 1.25 and 1.50 doz., to close at 88c doz
Best ginghams worth 8c, special 6c yd.
Cotton bating 7c roll
Shaker flannel 3½c yd
Unbleached cotton 1 yd wide 4½c, worth7c
Germantown yarn 3 skeins for 25c
Bed spreads 59c, regular price 75c
Bed spreads fringed 98c, worth 1.50
Blankets 48c pair
Blankets that were 1.50 and 2.00, to close 98c and 1.25
California wool blankets worth 5.00, to close 3.50

A. JAFFE,

20, 20 1-2 and 22 Marshall St.

No goods charged during this sale.
Goods delivered in and out of city.

Last Lot Direct from Factory

Let us whisper a word and take you into our confidence. We have 50 dozen shirts bought at factory three months ago and recently delivered to us. We know they are as good as other dealers are showing at 75 cents and worth two of the so called 50 cent ones. Now as we own these shirts at the old contract price they are yours while they last at

49 cents each

Samples are displayed today in our east front window, The styles are the newest stripes and checks, oxbloods. purples and blues, the latest up to date colorings. stiff bosom with separate cuffs or soft bosom with two separate collars and attached cuffs.

Our advice, buy for future needs now.

Don't forget big chances on overcoats and suits.

Barnard & Co.
"The Corner."

What a Lot of Knit Underwear We Are Selling

Our 25c knit vest and the 25c knit drawers, are just as good as you have paid 50c for;so why should we not sell great quantities.

We give a very low price on all our other underwear. Many bargains to be found here that you can't duplicate.

Those muslin curtains are here now. Many have been waiting for them. Come any time now.

We sell sheets and pillow cases, made better than you make them, for less than you can buy the muslin anywhere today. Come and see if we don't.

A lot of house waists good styles, all sizes that were $1, now 39c. Cut prices on wool shirt waists also. Now is the best time in the year to buy silk waists everyone at a cut price.

Tuttle & Bryant

A New Line

Of Silver Plated Tea Sets.
The styles are up-to-date and
THE PRICES WAY DOWN.
All Silver Engraved free of charge

SPRUILL'S Crockery Store,
96 Main St. Hoosac Savings Bank Block

Columbia Opera House

Fri. Sat. Mon. Tues. Nights Saturday Matinee. Feb. 9-10-12-13

Auspices of Lincoln Camp, S. of V.
The Beautiful Operatic Spectacle

..ZEPHRA..

A Reminder of English Xmas Pantomime. 160 Participants. ENTIRE MAGNIFICENT SCENERY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE—The opening Sale of reserved seats for all performances will occur at Grand Army Hall, Tuesday evening, Feb. 6, at 7.30. After Tuesday sale for all performances will be at Hastings' drug store.

Matinee Sale opens Wednesday morning.

PRICES:

Evenings, 35-50-75 cents.
Matinee, adults, 35-50 cents.
Matinee, children, 15-25 cents.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Tenement 331 Houghton street. Inquire A. W. Hunter, Bank street. t212tf

TO RENT—Tenement. Call at 13 Hall street, or office of C. T. Phelps, Adams National bank block. t168tf

TO RENT—A store corner Brooklyn and Liberty street. Inquire C. Mausert, corner North and Brooklyn streets. T2116t

TO RENT—Pleasant furnished room, heat, gas and bath. Central. Inuire 15 Ashland street. t210tf

TO RENT—Office rooms over Fountain's store, Bank street. Apply to E. Bissaillon. t208tf.

TO RENT—Six room modern flat in Gunning's block, Lincoln street. Apply at Thomas F. Gunning, 49 Center street. t207tf.

TO RENT—Half of Sperry Block, 77 Holden street. Three floors and basement, with elevator. Suitable for retail or wholesale business, or manufacturing purposes. W. C. Ellis. t204tf

TO RENT—For $13 per month, finest six-room tenement for the price in the city. 4 Meadow street. Inquire 6 Meadow street, or S. Woodhead. t103tf

TO RENT—House and ¼ acre of land at 11 Bryant treet. House contains all modern conveniences. including hot water heat. Rent $15. Inquire at Berkshire Hills Sanatorium. t118tf.

TO RENT—Pleasant newly furnished rooms, with board. 11 North Holden street. t204t24*

TO RENT—Large, pleasant furnished room, steam heat. Gentleman and wife or two gentlemen preferred. Board if desired. 86 Eagle street. t204tf

TO RENT—A modern eight-room tenement, first floor. Inquire at 8 Cherry street or Shelley Potter. 199tf.

TO RENT—Williams block, Holden street. Stores 20x80 feet, steam heat, rent $25 per month. Address E. Williams, Pittsfield, Mass. t188tf.

TO RENT—Store in the O'Brien block on Union street. Inquire at the office of Ashe & Arnold. t116tf.

TO RENT—Office corner Bank and Main street. Boland block, steam heat and running water. Inquire P. J. Boland. t 148 tf

TO RENT—Two new tenements on Laurel avenue. All modern improvements. Inquire W. H. Bennett, 2 Adams National Bank block . tf

TO RENT—Tenements. Inquire at the office of Ashe & Arnold. t230tf

LOST

LOST—A horse blanket, last Saturday, on Ashland between Summer street and the oil tank. Finder will please return to this office. 121413

LOST—Going from Pleasant street along Church to Congregational chapel, lace handkerchief, pair gloves, black velvet bow. Please return to Transcript office. 1212tf.

LOST—A black pocketbook with two dollars and a pearl handle knife, between 169 Bracewell avenue and Farley's drug store, on River street, by way of Brooklyn street Finder please return to Mrs. Dykes and receive reward. 121313*

WANTED

WANTED—Choppers wanted. Apply at Stamford Chemical company. w213t6.

WANTED—Young man would like to have a good boarding place near the Beaver mill. Address P. W 4, Transcript office. w212t3*

WANTED—A pair of horses to weigh about 2500 pounds. Charles B. Fowler, Williamstown, Mass. w214tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two young cows, one horse and market wagon and harness, four or five tons of hay, one new incubator and about 150 pullets. Apply on premises, 238 West Main street. 121413*

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WILLIAMSTOWN

WINTER ACTIVITIES.

Lumbermen, Farmers, Liverymen and Students all Rejoicing in the Snow.

The abundance of snow is proving a great benefit to the lumber dealers, as well as many other people in town and they are not slow in taking advantage of it. The wood dealers have been cutting wood all winter but have not until recently been able to draw it from the mountains, but they are now rushing it in as fast as possible.

Many of the farmers are also taking advantage of the snow and are getting up their year's supply of wood During the early part of the winter and up until recently there was every indication that wood would be very scarce and very expensive, but if the present weather continues there will be plenty and the prices will not be higher than last year.

The liverymen are also finding business much improved as there are many people who are enjoying sleigh rides these days and large sleighing parties are going out nearly every night. The students are also taking advantage of the snow and are enjoying the usual winter sports of skating, coasting and snow shoeing.

SHOWER OF MELTED LEAD.

Peculiar Accident Severely Injures Charles Horton, a Carpenter.

Charles Horton, a carpenter employed on the Warren house, met with a very painful accident a short time ago. He was working on the lower floor of the building while there were plumbers at work making joints on the second floor. One of the plumbers was carrying some melted lead when he slipped and spilled it. The hot lead struck Mr. Horton on the head, neck and shoulders, burning him quite badly. He was wearing a soft hat, which protected his head. The coat which he wore was ruined, as large holes were burned through where the lead struck. He received several bad burns on the back of the neck, which are very painful.

HOW OUR LAWS ARE MADE.

A course of lectures is being held in the South Williamstown church and the first lecture was given last evening by A. E. Hall. His subject was "How our laws are made. He told of the work of the legislature, and gave a very interesting talk. The speakers for the remainder of the course are as follows: Rev. William R. Stocking, Rev. W. H. Butler, Fred Wilder Cross, Williams 1900, W. E. Foster and Sanborn G. Tenney.

TONIGHT'S DEBATE.

The Fratrogermanic debating society of the high school will hold a debate in the high school hall this evening. The question for debate will be: "Resolved, that colonies are advantageous to the mother country." The debaters for the affirmative side will be Miss Florence Heap, Leverett Mears and Miss Alma Walden, and for the negative side Miss Daisy Hull, Miss Libbie Brock and Samuel Stocking.

LAWRENCEVILLE CLUB.

A club has been formed in college which is composed of men from the Lawrenceville school. The club has been named the Lawrenceville club and has 10 charter members. The following officers have been elected: President, Francis J. Danforth 1900; vice president, Rhea Barton Rutter 1900; secretary and treasurer, William P. Schell. The club is planning to hold a banquet in the near future.

The college musical clubs will give a concert in Springfield, February 22, and in Westfield the following evening.

The Boston Athletic association will hold an indoor meet in Boston Saturday night at which Williams will run against Amherst. Bray, Potter and R. C. Seaver will enter events.

W. B. Smith, Williams 1901, has gone to his home in Lee.

Stanley H. Wheelock 1902 has been called to his home in Uxbridge by the death of one of his family.

Joseph M. McMahon 1902 is ill at his home in Pittsfield.

The class of 1902 will hold a "rally" prayer meeting in Jesup hall this evening.

The cantata "Under the Palms' will be given in Blackinton the latter part of February.

Walter T. Diack of Rensselaer, N. Y., has been appointed freshman director of the Y. M. C. A.

W. B. Hoyt and family left Stamford, Ct., where they have been staying the past few weeks for Augusta, Ga., where they will remain for the rest of the winter.

Harry Langevin is confined to the house with rheumatism.

Delos Brown and family are visiting Mr. Brown's parents in Little Falls, N. Y.

Jesup hall was opened Wednesday to the college. The building is now complete in every detail.

The college semi-annual examinations will be held next week.

Candidates for the baseball team will be called out directly after the examination.

REWARD

We the undersigned druggists, offer a reward of 50 cents to any person who purchases of us, two 25 cent boxes of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters Tablets, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. Price 25 cents for either tablets or liquid. We will also refund the money on one package of either if it fails to give satisfaction. Burlingame & Darbys', C. G. Bartlett, Canedy & Blossom, T. C. Farley, Franco-American drug store, G. A. Hastings, Wallace Kearn, P. J. Malone, John A. Rice, Wilson House drug store, all of this city; P. H. Maloney, Blackinton; Severance & Co., R. A. Chambers and C. H. King, Williamstown.

A FRIGHTFUL BLUNDER

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Burlingame & Darbys, druggists.

ALL NIGHT LONG

Cough, cough, cough—and all because you won't invest 25 cents in a bottle of

WILLIAMS' NEW ENGLAND COUGH REMEDY

This great family medicine goes right to the affected part and cures speedily without upsetting the stomach.

Williams & Carleton Co., Hartford, Conn.

Mail us the coupons that come with the bottles and get Palmer Cox's Children's Picture Books Free.

For Fine Watch Repairing

GO TO

RANSFORD, the Jeweler,

Corner Water and Main Streets

WILLIAMSTOWN, MASS.

TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT

And each day and night during this week you can get at any druggist's Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma Consumption. Get a bottle today and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 25c and 50c. Sample bottle free.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Burlingame and Darbys' drug store. Regular size 50c. and 1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

HOW THEY SAY GOODBY.

The south sea islanders rattle each other's whale teeth necklace.

The "auf wiedersehen" of the Austrians is the most feeling expression of farewell.

The Cuban would consider his goodby anything but a cordial one unless he was given a good cigar.

In the Philippines the parting benediction is bestowed in the form of rubbing one's friend's face with one's hand.

The Turk will solemnly cross his hands upon his breast and make a profound obeisance when he bids you farewell.

The Russian form of parting salutation is brief, consisting of the single word "prashal," said to sound like a sneeze.

The Otaheite islander will twist the end of the departing guest's robe and then solemnly shake his own hands three times.

The Fiji islanders cross two red feathers. The natives of New Guinea exchange chocolate. The Burmese bend low and say, "Hib, hib!"

The genial Jap will take his slipper off as you depart and say, with a smile: "You are going to leave my despicable house in your honorable journeying. I regard thee!"

The Sioux and Blackfeet will at parting dig their spears in the earth as a sign of confidence and mutual esteem. This is the origin of the term "burying the tomahawk."

The German "lebe wohl" is not particularly sympathetic in its sound, but it is less embarrassing to those it speeds than the Hindoo's performance, who, when you go from him, falls in the dust at your feet.

THE DRESSY WOMAN.

Pale pink coral ornaments set with diamonds are among the novelties in expensive jewelry set forth for the winter trade.

The rough diagonal and cheviots for serviceable tailor gowns look heavy, but they are woven so delicately and made of such fine, pure wool as to weigh but little more than a firm drap d'ete.

Pointed, deeply scalloped and graduated silk fringes are among the imported novelties in dress trimmings. They are in various widths and colors, from the Tom Thumb variety to styles half a yard deep and finished with very wide netted tops.

Smart looking are the street costumes of green or blue ladies' cloth made with a princess effect in front to which are added short boleros of the cloth which reach but a few inches below the bust and are finished with notched revers that turn back so far that they cover the shoulders and on the fronts give the effect of one bolero put on above the other.

There is a new point to be chronicled—the postilion backs on some of the new waists and Etons of cloth, silk or velvet. This is a style that is more becoming to many women than any sort of round waist, however smartly made, and if the ends are not exaggerated in length is particularly good for plain tailor costumes of cloth, tweed or cheviot.—New York Post.

BRITON AND BOER.

If British officers deem it best to cross Portuguese territory, they will cross it and explain afterward.—Rochester Democrat.

The Boer soldiers have a fashion of keeping close to their fighting without worrying about how their portraits in uniforms look in the magazines.—Washington Star.

Having carried the northern end of the Cape to Cairo railway as far as he could, Kitchener is now on his way to do something for the southern section.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Yale lock manufacturers have proved that in a patent lock having six "steps," each capable of being reduced in height 20 times, the number of changes or combinations will be 86,400.

A Card

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Burlingame & Darbys, J. H. Pratt, C. G. Bartlett, Canedy & Blossom, Carl M. Farley, John A. Rice, Wallace Kearn, Franco-American Pharmacy, T. C. Farley, P. J Malone, G. A. Hastings.

MUCH IN ONE NAME.

SHAKESPEARE'S QUERY SATISFACTORILY ANSWERED AT LAST.

The Manager of a Lumber Yard Company Uses His Ears and Eyes to Advantage and Discovers a Source of Profit In Nomenclature.

"Is his name George?" asked the manager of the Wilmot Lumber company. "If so, I'll engage him. If not, I won't."

"What has his name got to do with it?" the inquirer wanted to know.

"It has got a lot to do with it. Look at that list of yards and the men in charge of 'em. Eighteen yards, every one run by a man named George and every one prosperous and getting more prosperous."

"All of which you attribute to the fact that the yardmen are all named George?"

"Not entirely, but to a certain degree. Take a good, jolly, friendly, compan-

"THEY'D ROLL 'GEORGE' AROUND."

ionable man and give him the name George, and you have a man who can sell the farmers lumber to beat the band. Let him have all these qualifications except the name George, and he can't sell more than three-quarters as much.

"When I was a boy on the farm, I noticed how folks positively delighted in saying George. That's my name. In talking to me they'd repeat my name in every sentence. It was 'Good morning, George.' 'Is your father well, George?' 'And your mother, George?' 'Got a good crop of wheat, George?' No one ever kept saying Charlie or Jim or any other name over and over again like that.

"They'd roll George around in their mouths as if it tasted good; seemed as if they had a big mouthful of something good to eat—something warm and wholesome—turkey and dressing and mashed potato; seemed as if it puffed out the cheeks, filled their whole mouth and made 'em feel good.

"A hungry looking farmer would meet me on his way home to dinner, stop and say George a few times, and the hungry look would fade out of his face, and he would go off as cheerful as if he had just had something to eat.

"About five years ago I told a scientist what I have been saying, and he said he didn't believe it was all fancy, by any means. What he said was, in substance, about as follows:

"'In uttering the word George the mouth is distended as it is by few other words—certainly no word in common use. With the average person the only other thing that so distends the mouth as the word George is a big mouthful of food. The muscular sensation is the same in each case.

"'Along with the taste of a big mouthful telegraphed to the brain by the nerves goes the sensation of distension of the mouth. The two are closely associated. You can't have a big mouthful of food without distension. You can't have distension without the big mouthful, and it telegraphs to the brain a fictitious satisfaction, as of the mouth full of food.'

"Since then I have engaged no yardmen unless they were named George. My business is twice as prosperous as it was five years ago. Why, the saving in treating alone is an item. We used to have to spend some money in judicious treating. That is now pretty well a thing of the past. A man comes into the office and says: 'Good morning, George. I want some scantling, George.' Feels as good as if he had had a glass of beer. 'Got any scantling, George?' Same thing as if the beer had been followed by a wiener.

"'Say, George, when are you coming out to see me, George?' Rye bread and cheese sandwich. 'I've got a new dog,

IT'S DELICIOUS.

George, and I've thought of calling him George, after you, George.' There's a plate of beans, cold cabbage and head cheese in that last sentence.

"Why, man, George is a verbal free lunch. Take an example from contemporary events. Anybody shouting for Fred Funston, Bill Shafter, Win Schley, Rich Hobson? Nobody at all. But everybody saying George Dewey, 'Our George,' all except the ultra elegant, who never take large mouthfuls even when nobody is looking at 'em. They say 'Admiral Dewey' and 'the gallant admiral.'"—Chicago Tribune.

Badly Expressed.

Pusher—Gusher is not very happy in his choice of adjectives.

Usher—Why so?

Pusher—Miss Gumms fished for a compliment by asking him what he thought of her slippers.

Usher—And what did he say?

Pusher—He said they were immense.—Collier's Weekly.

Geese are the emblems of conjugal bliss in China, and a pair of geese are considered a handsome present from a gentleman to the lady of his choice.

90 Pains

out of every hundred are caused by, or accompanied with, inflammation. The quickest relief and cure of inflammation is given by JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT, *either internally or externally* as the case requires. It is pleasant to take, dropped on sugar, and the relief it gives when rubbed on the surface is sure and swift. At any time of year it cures colic, cramp, diarrhœa, cholera morbus, bites, bruises, burns, stings, chafing. In fall and winter it cures colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, bronchitis, la grippe, lameness, muscle soreness and pain and inflammation. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT has been in constant use, day and night, for

90 Years

You can trust and depend on a remedy that has been handed down from mother to daughter and to great grandchildren in the households that have produced the magnificent race of New England men and women. In the State of Maine where it was originated ten years before Maine was admitted to the Union, it is to-day the most popular household remedy and its sales are increasing. Now used everywhere.

Johnsons ANODYNE Liniment

In two size bottles, 25 cents and 50 cents. Larger size more economical.

Write for our 64-page book on "Treatment for Diseases." Free by mail.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., BOSTON, MASS.

HERO OF KANDAHAR.

Strong Faith of the British In Lord Roberts.

During the gloomy days for the English people, while the situation in South Africa has demanded determined action, the British press has focused the light on Lord Roberts as the man who is to bring victory out of a precarious situation, says the Chicago Tribune. It is to be remembered that Sir Redvers Buller was given a similar send off, but now British faith is more firmly pinned to Lord Roberts as one who cannot be found wanting.

"A gentleman told me the other day," said T. P. O'Connor, "that when he felt depressed by the reverses of the hour he went home, took down the autobiography of Lord Roberts, read again the story of the mutiny and its disastrous opening and its triumphant close and then was consoled. I have also gone back to Lord Roberts' book and have turned at once to the pages

LORD ROBERTS.

in which he describes the events which led to his getting the V. C. Lord Roberts was then merely a young lieutenant, and the mutiny was at its worst moment. Jan. 2, 1858, was Lord Roberts' day of days, for twice on that day he did deeds either of which would have won him the V. C. Following up the retreat of a body of mutineers, he saw two sepoys entering a village. Small in size, almost fragile in figure, but wiry, fearless and quick as lightning in his movements, the little lieutenant dashed after. The sepoys turned around, and both presented their muskets; one of them had actually got to the length of pulling the trigger, but the cap snapped, and before the sepoy could again fire he was cut in twain by the sword of the little officer who was pursuing him."

One of the secrets of Lord Roberts' great popularity with soldiers is his friendly familiarity with his men and his constant interest in them. During the jubilee time there was some kind of big banquet at which orientals were in attendance. Lord Roberts was suddenly found to have left his place and was nowhere visible. He was at last discovered talking to some of the brown skinned Indian soldiers, whom he had recognized as among the troops that had accompanied him in that great, grim, terrible march to Kandahar.

People of Stone Age.

"The stone age" is not, properly speaking, an expression of time. It refers to a stage in civilization which passed long ago in Europe and Asia, but still lingers in some out of the way corners of the world. A report of La Plata museum in Paraguay describes the Quayoquis, a small tribe of 500 or 600 living near the headwaters of the Acaray river, as a true stone age people. They are timid, harmless folks, desperately afraid of the whites, and with reason, as they have been shamefully abused by them. They have no weapons for defense save bows, lances and stone tomahawks. They are undersized and round headed.

To salute with the left hand is a deadly insult to Mohammedans in the east.

35 cents

Colds are serious things. They lead to worse things. A cold is the seed of consumption. Croup is a cold's half-brother—it is generally caused by cold, and many a little life has been snuffed out by it because the proper remedy was not at hand.

Dr. Hooker's Cough and Croup Syrup

gives relief at once. It has saved thousands of lives. Every mother should see that it is always in the house. Don't wait till you need it—that may be too late. Contains no opium—absolutely safe—endorsed by physicians for 50 yrs. Made only by Charles H. Kingsley, Northampton, Mass.

Drug Stores

FOR SALE—Ten R-I-P-A-N-S for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

NOTE—Corrected every month by the railroad companies and can be relied upon.

NORTH ADAMS POSTOFFICE.

General Delivery and Stamp Window open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Carrier Window 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. 8.30 p. m. to 8.40 p. m.

Sunday open from 9.15 a. m. to 10.15 a. m. Money order and Register office opened from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

ARRIVE FROM

New York City, southern states and foreign—1.37, 9.25 and 10.00 a. m. 11.37, a. m., 4.31, 5.50 and 8.55 p. m.

Troy, New York state and the west—1.37, 3.23, and 10.00 a. m., 11.37 a. m., 4.30, 7.00 and 3.23 p. m.

Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., Rhode Island, via Boston & Albany—8.35, a. m., 12 m., 2.40, 5.50, and 8.55 p. m.

Boston, northern and eastern Mass. Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Canada—4.52, 8.25 a. m., 12.10, 5.50 and 8.05 p. m.

Clarksburg—7.00 a. m.

Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 11.45 a. m.

Florida, Mass.—Tuesday and Saturday 1.30 p. m.

LEAVE FOR

New York city, southern states and foreign—6. 7.10, 9.05, 11.45 a. m., 12 m., 2.40 4.40, 7.45 and 10.30 p. m.

Troy, New York state and west—7.10, 9.05 a. m., 12 m., 2.40, 4.40, 7.45 and 10.30 p. m.

Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., R. I., via Boston & Albany railroad—6. 11.45 a. m., 2.40, 5.45, 7.45 and 10.30 p. m.

Boston and eastern New England via B. & A. R. R., 6 a. m., and 5.45 p. m.

Boston, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, eastern Vermont and Canada, via F. R. R. 9.35, 11.10 a. m., 4.10 and 11 p. m.

Clarksburg, Mass., 12.30 p. m.

Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 1.30 p. m.

Florida, Mass., Tuesday and Saturday 1.30 p. m.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

First-class matters (letters, etc.) 2c. oz.
Second-class (newspapers and periodicals) 1c. for 4oz.
Third-class (books, circulars, photographs) 1c. for 2 oz
Fourth-class (merchandise) 1c. oz.
Registration fee (additional postage) 8c.
Immediate delivery stamp (additional to regular postage) 10c.
Money order to $100. 3c. to 30c.

STAGES.

NORTH ADAMS and READSBORO E. Bullions, Proprietor.

Leave Postoffice, North Adams 1.30 p. m.
Leave Postoffice, Readsboro 8 a. m.

R-I-P-A-N-S. 10 for 5 cents, at druggists, grocers, restaurants, saloons, news-stands, general stores and barber shops. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. One gives relief.

The Adams National Bank

of NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Incorporated 1832. Reorganized 1865

CAPITAL $500,000
SURPLUS, Undivided Profits... 170,000

E. S WILKINSON, President.
A. C. HOUGHTON, Vice-President
W. H. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

Directors—A. C. Houghton, E. S. Wilkinson, V. A. Whitaker, Hon. Geo. P. Lawrence, W. A. Gallup, W. G. Cady, G. W. Chase, H. G. Clark, H. G. B. Fisher.

Accounts and Collections Solicited.

Hoosac Valley Street Railroad.

ADAMS LINE.

Leave North Adams—7, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40, a. m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.30, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, a10.45, a11.20, p. m.

Leave Adams—8.30, 9.05, 9.40, 10.15, 10.50, a. m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.30, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, a10.45 p. m. a to barn only.

WILLIAMSTOWN LINE.

Leave North Adams—a6.30, 6.45, 6.20, 7, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40, a. m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, a10.45 p. m.

Leave Williamstown—6.20, 7, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.50, a. m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.35, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, 10.45, p. m.

a to Blackinton only.

Cars for Blackinton only. Leave North Adams, P. M.—1.43, 2.17, 2.52, 3.27, 4.02, 4.37, 5.12, 5.47, 6.22, 6.57, 7.32, 8.07, 8.42, 9.17, 9.52. Leave Blackinton, 2.00, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.05, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9.00, 9.35, 10.15.

BEAVER LINE.

Cars leave North Adams for Beaver. A. M.—6, 6.20, 6.40, 7.00, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40. P. M.—12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2.00, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.22, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9.00, 9.35, 10.15, 10.45.

Leave Beaver.

A. M.—6.10, 6.28, 6.50, 7.25, 8.00, 8.35, 9.10, 9.45, 10.20, 10.55, 11.30 P. M.—12.05, 12.40, 1.15, 1.50, 2.25, 3.00, 3.35, 4.10, 4.45, 5.20—6.03, 6.30, 7.05, 7.40, 8.15, 8.50, 9.25, 10.00, 10.35, *10.55.

Last car. No connections.

Where a is before time cars connect for Adams and Williamstown. Saturday and Sunday p. m. all cars connect with Beaver car.

b Last Beaver car.
a barn only.
Saturday and Sunday schedule.
On Saturday and Sunday afternoon commencing at 1 o'clock cars leave North Adams, Adams, Williamstown and Beaver every 20 minutes.

WM. T. NEARY, Supt.

Fitchburg Railroad.

From November 20, 1899, trains will run as follows:

Leave North Adams—Eastward.

For Green field, a1.37, *5.13, 7.23, 9.53 11.37, a. m., *1.33, 3.06, 4.31, 7.00 and **2.00 p. m.

For Fitchburg and Boston, a1.37, *5.13, 7.23, 9.53, 11.37 a. m., 1.33, 3.06, 4.31 p. m., **2.00 p. m.

For Worcester, a1.37, **5.13, 9.53, 11.37 a. m., 1.33 and 3.06 p. m.

Leave North Adams—Westward

For Williamstown, Hoosick Falls, Troy and Albany, a4.55, 7.35, 9.56, a. m., 12.20, 1.53, **2.39, *3.04, 5.00, **7.40, 8.04 10.54 p. m.

For New York 7.35, 9.56 a. m., 12.20 and 1.53 p. m.

For Bennington and Rutland, (via B. & R. R.) 7.35 a. m., 1.53 and 5.00 p. m.

For Saratoga, 7.35 a. m., and 5.00 p.m.

For Rotterdam Junction and the west, *3.04, *8.04, 10.54 p. m.

For Mechanicville, 7.35 a. m., *3.04, 5.00 *8.04 and 10.54 p. m

Trains Arrive.

From east, a4.55, 7.35, 9.56 a. m., 12.10, 1.53, **2.39, *3.04, 5.00, *8.04 and 10.54 p. m.

From west, a1.37, *5.13, 7.23, 9.53 11.37 a. m., **12.55, *1.33, **2.00, 3.06, 4.31, and 7.00 p. m.

aDaily except Monday.
*Daily.
**Sunday only.

A. S. CRANE, Gen. Traffic Mgr. Boston
C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass. Agent, Boston
C. A. NIMMO, G. W. P. A., Troy, N. Y.

BUSINESS CARDS.

UNDERTAKERS.

SIMMONS & CARPENTER.

Furnishing Undertakers. No. 29 1-2 Eagle street, North Adams, Mass.

LIVERIES.

FORD & ARNOLD.

Livery and Feed stables. Singls and double teams. Coaches for funerals and weddings. Four or six-horse teams for large or small parties. 72 Main street. Telephone 245-13.

J. H. FLAGG.

Livery, Sale and Boarding Stable. Main street, opposite the Wilson house, North Adams. Nice coaches for weddings, parties and funerals. First-class single horses and carriages at short notice on reasonable terms. Also village coach to and from all trains. Telephone connections.

CARRIAGES.

EDMOND VADNAIS.

Carriage and Wagon Builder. Manufacturer of light carriages, sleighs and business and heavy wagons, made to order at short notice. All work warranted as represented. Repairing in all its branches at reasonable terms. Dealer in all kinds of factory wagons and carriages, harnesses, robes and blankets. Center street, rear of Blackinton block.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

PHYSICIANS.

C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. New Bank Block, Main street. Attending Eye and Ear Surgeon at hospital Formerly clinical assistant at Central London Eye hospital, also assistant Surgeon at New York Throat and Nose hospital. Glasses properly fitted.

DR. C. C. HENIN.

Physician and surgeon. General practitioner, with special attention given to children and women diseases. Office and residence, Jones Blk, Bank street. Office hours 9 to 11, 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone call 126-15.

N. M. CROFTS, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon. Diseases of the stomach and intestines a specialty. Also analytical and microscopical laboratory work. Office, New Sullivan Block, Main street. Night calls at the office, up one flight. Telephone 118-13.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

F. B. LOCKE.

Member American Society Civil Engineers. Surveys, plans and estimates. 89 Main street, North Adams.

DENTISTS.

JOHN J. B. McLAUGHLIN, D. D. S.

Dental Parlors, Collins Block, Main street. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Teeth extracted without pain. Office hours, 8.50 to 12 a. m., 2 to 6 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

ARCHITECT.

ARTHUR G. LINDLEY.

Practical Architect, 8 Church street, Williamstown, Mass. Plans and Specifications furnished at reasonable prices Call at office or communicate by mail. Prompt attention.

ARCHITECTS and ENGINEERS

LAPOINTE & BOND.

Main office, State Mutual Building, Worcester, Mass. Branch office, Boland block, 66 Main street, North Adams, Mass.

CHIROPODIST and MANICURE

MISS B. A. LEONARD.

Sullivan Block, 45 Main street.

M. W. ESTES.

Carpenter and Jobber. Repairing neatly and promptly done. Shop in rear of J. H. Adams Block, Main street. Entrance opposite Eagle street, North Adams, Mass.

BOSTON & ALBANY RAILROAD

Trains leave North Adams, daily except Sundays, for Boston, intermediate stations at 6.20, 8.24 a. m., 12.10, 3.10, 6.05 p. m.

Sundays only 9.25 a. m., 1.45 and 6 p. m.

Connecting at Pittsfield with Westfield, Springfield, Worcester and Boston, also for New York, Albany and the west.

Time tables and further particulars may be had of

G. A. PATRICK, Ticket Agt. North Adams, Mass.

A. S. HANSON, G. P. A., Boston, Mass.

Nov. 19, 1899.

Fitchburg Railroad—Boston to Troy. Corrected Nov. 20, 1899.

														SUNDAYS.				
Lve	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Boston				6 45	9 30	*11 00		11 30	*3 00	5	6	*6 00	11 20	9 00		3 00		
Fitchburg			6 45	8 44	10 50	12 0		1 31	*4 27	6 37	8 02	1 15	11 07	10 20	6 27			
Gardner			7 20	9 25	11 22	12 5		2 12	*5 15	7 11	8 37	1 51	11 46	12 2	5 15			
Athol			7 [illegible]	9 59	11 50	1 13		2 45	5 44	7 41	9 05	2 25	12 21	1 15	5 44			
Millers Falls			8 24	10 31	12 15			3 17	6 11	8 08		2 59	12 54		5 51			
Greenfield		6 20	8 45	10 55	12 49	2 02		3 40	6 47	8 45	9 45	3 22	1 23	2 0	6 47			
Shelburne Falls		6 45	9 11	11 22	1 12	2 25		4 09	7 17		10 10	3 55	1 51	2 25	7 17			
Charlemont		7 03	9 28	11 39				4 26	*7 34			4 18	2 07		7 34			
Zoar		7 10	9 34	11 45				4 33				4 27	2 14					
Hoosac Tunnel		7 19	9 4	11 54				4 42				4 38	2 22					
North Adams		7 35	9 50	12 20	1 53	3 04		5 00	*8 04		10 54	4 55	2 39	3 04	8 04	7 40		
Greylock		7 3[illegible]	10 0[illegible]	12 24				5 05				4 58	2 43			7 44		
Blackinton		7 42	10 [illegible]3	12 26				5 08				5 1	2 45			7 46		
Williamstown		7 4[illegible]	10 0[illegible]	12 33	2 03	3 14		5 16	*8 16		11 03	5 05	2 53	3 14	8 16	7 51		
Pownal		7 51	10 5[illegible]	12 41				5 24				5 13	3 01			8 00		
Noroh Pownal		8 0[illegible]	10 0[illegible]	12 4[illegible]				5 29				5 17	3 06			8 06		
Petersburg Junc		8 08	10 2[illegible]	12 5[illegible]				5 35					3 14			8 15		
Hoosick Falls		8 20	10 39	1 0[illegible]	2 [illegible]5	3 36		5 45	*8 44		11 30	5 34	3 25	3 36	8 44	8 25		
Hoosick Junction		8 29	10 43	1 11	2 29		3 56	5 54					3 29			8 30		
Eagle Bridge		8 34	10 49	1 1[illegible]			4 02	5 59	8	1		5 43	3 35		8 5[illegible]	8 35		
Johnsonville	2 18	8 4[illegible]	11 02	1 3[illegible]	2 46	3 55	4 1	6 19	*9 05		11 48	*5 57	3 55			9 05		
Troy	*2 45	9 20	11 40	2 10	3 15	4 50	4 50	6 55	*9 37		2 45	6 [illegible]	4 30			9 37		
Albany					3 40								[illegible]0					
Arr	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		

Troy to Boston.

													SUNDYS.			
Lve	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Albany						9 25		1 10								
Troy	11 30				7 45	10 00		1 35	1 55	2 35	5 00	11 00				
Johnsonville	12 16		*4 08		8 28	10 [illegible]		2 07	2 23	3 17	5 41	11 [illegible]				
Eagle Bridge					8 44	10 [illegible]		2 19	2 35	3 31	5 55	11 54				
Hoosick Junction								2 43			6 03					
Hoosick Falls	12 43		4 32		8 57	10 54	*12 53	2 28		3 42	6 14	12 05				
Petersburgh Junc					9 09					3 52	6 25	12 16				
North Pownal					9 18					3 59	6 33	12 [illegible]5				
Pownal					9 24					4 04	6 38	12 31				
Williamstown	1 26		*5 03	7 10	9 39	11 24	1 20	2 56		4 19	6 49	12 43	1 48			
Blackinton				7 14	9 44					4 22	6 52	12 47	1 51			
Greylock				7 17	9 47					4 25	6 55	12 5[illegible]	1 54			
North Adams	1 37		*5 13	7 23	9 53	11 37	1 33	3 06		4 31	7 00	12 55	2 00			
Hoosac Tunnel				7 [illegible]	10 08			3 19		4 46	7 16		2 14			
Zoar				7 4[illegible]	10 15					4 53	7 22		2 22			
Charlemont				7 54	1 21			3 31		5 00	7 29		2 34			
Shelburne Falls	2 25		5 56	8 18	10 [illegible]	12 14	2 08	[illegible] 5		5 18	7 47		2 53			
Greenfield	3 00	6 12	6 41	8 57	11 2	12 54	2 30	4 17		6 05	P 15		3 23			
Millers Falls	3 17	6 29		9 20	11 3[illegible]			4 30		6 22			3 42			
Athol	3 54	6 57	7 24	9 53	12 18

...Confidence...

In your doctor or in the medicine you are taking has a good deal to do with your speedy recovery. TAR SANTA COMPOUND as a remedy for obstinate coughs is entitled to your utmost confidence as a simple, wholesome, combination containing nothing injurious to your health. I have so much faith in it that I print the formula, what it is made of on wrapper so that you can see what you are taking. And more than that if you think after taking half a bottle that it is not benefitting you, your money will be cheerfully refunded on presenting the remainder of the bottle. 25c a bottle.

If it is put up at Thompson's it is accurate

N. B. This ad if cut out and presented this week with 15c will buy a full 25c bottle.

ADAMS

The price of the Transcript delivered in Adams is twelve cents a week.

DANCES TO BE HELD.

There will be a dance in the St. Jean Baptiste hall this evening under the auspices of the Napoleon Guards. Palmer's orchestra will furnish music and F. D. Field will prompt. The Guards will also hold a concert and dance tomorrow evening. Daniel Kiley, G. F. Duggan and Charles Carlow will sing and Wier Bros will spar. Articles left over from a recent fair will be disposed of on the latter evening. Everybody is invited.

Hoosuck Valley lodge of Odd Fellows will hold another of its series of dances in the lodge hall tomorrow evening. The People's orchestra will furnish music and F. D. Field will prompt.

The A. A. A. club will hold a private social in the A. O. H. hall tomorrow evening. Doll's orchestra has been engaged to furnish music.

An oyster supper will be served at the home of Mrs. Alexander Horton at Bowen's corners this evening. The proceeds are for the benefit of the Methodist church. The public are invited.

CONCERT PROGRAM.

There will be a concert at Trinity Methodist church next Tuesday evening. The affair has been arranged by Miss Lucy Burt, and promises to be well worthy the patronage of all. Following is the program:

Violin Solo, Hearts and flowers, Tobani
Miss Ella G. Sanderson.
Recital, Mr. Dooley on Golf Dunne
Mrs. C. Hervey Frye.
Intermezzo, Mascagni
Orchestra.
Selection. Because of Thee, Tours
Miss Elizabeth Mitchell
Violin Duet, Carl Bohn
Robert Zahner and Robert Noble.
Chorus.
Recital, Surly Tim's Trouble. Burnett
Mrs. C. Hervey Frye.
Violin solo, Reverie, Dancla
Miss Irene Childs.
Song, Selected,
Miss Elizabeth Mitchell.
Priest's March, Mendelssohn
Orchestra.

THE NEW ENGLAND DINNER.

The New England dinner served at the Howland house Thursday from 12 to 2 o'clock was a very pleasant occasion. About 75 people from North Adams and this town partook of the excellent dinner and the afternoon was spent in a very sociable manner. Doyle and Carlow of this town rendered banjo and violin selections and I. S. and Harry Browne of North Adams were present with their banjos and voices. Mr. Brummell, Mr. Conlon, Peter Harrington and others from the city also sang. Derrick Baker and his son Fred danced and sang and remarks were made by Captain Crocker of Connecticut and other out of town guests. All thanked the landlord for his generous hospitality.

DAVID C. FERGUSON GARRISON MEETING.

The regular meeting of the David C. Ferguson Garrison of the Army and Navy union was held in the Foresters' hall Thursday evening. There was a good attendance and a pleasant meeting resulted. Five honorary members were initiated. Commander Hicks read a letter from Adjutant General Corbin, thanking the garrison for its contribution to the Lawton fund. The garrison raised $125 and sent it. Mr. Corbin was profuse in his thanks and the sum given is a credit to the members of the garrison, who proved their appreciation of a noble American's worth.

HORSE RACE TOMORROW.

The three-cornered horse race between horses owned by Charles Lerich, Fred Baker and David Daniels will take place on the Zylonite road tomorrow afternoon. The road is being scraped and rolled today and will be put in first class shape. Many people are interested and no doubt a large crowd will witness the race. It is for a purse of $50. The winner to take all. M. F. Quinn will be starter and C. A. Howland judge.

UNDER THE DOME.

A startling perfect stage reproduction of the awful hurricane which swept the harbor o Apia, March 15th 1889, is the principal scenic feature of Under the Dome which comes to the opera house Saturday evening. The history of the world does not contain a more thrilling story than that of the survivors of the warships which so gallantly fought wind and wave in the narrow harbor during that ever to be remembered storm. Naval annals do not record a more grandly unselfish action than that of the commander of the English man-of-war Calliope when seeing that to linger in the harbor with his giant ship meant destruction to one and all of the less powerful men-of-war, he resolved to take all risks in the coral reef. His chances were one in a million, but he did reach the open sea and his ship alone of those anchored in the harbor that day escaped. No less heroic were the men of the Trenton, who seeing the superb struggle of the Englishmen, sent up a mighty cheer from 450 throats. Expecting certain death themselves they rejoiced that their friends might yet be saved. Again did the men of the Trenton show unheard of courage and patriotism, when, it appearing that the final moment of the Trenton had arrived, the band assembled on deck and played the Star Spangled Banner. In under the Dome there are three storm scenes—the first showing the storm as seen from the U. S. Consul's house—the second a view of the shore during the fiercest moment of the storm and the third the wreck of the Trenton.

A party from here will enjoy a sleighride to the Cheshire hotel this evening.

Philias Charon has purchased a handsome gray driving horse.

The Moss comedy company of North Adams, composed of North Adams talent, will show here February 15 or 16

The Knights of Columbus state convention will be held in Worcester February 6. Local delegates will attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warren and a party of friends will enjoy a sleighride to the hotel in Savoy, tomorrow evening. Landlord Hoxie will serve supper.

A few from this town will attend the K. of C. ball in North Adams this evening.

It is expected that all those selling tickets for the sleighride and supper to be held next Tuesday evening by the Men's Sunday Evening club, will make their returns by Saturday night.

Mrs. Webb of Pittsfield is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Allen of Crandall street.

A special meeting of the Franco-American club will be held Sunday at 12.30 o'clock.

M. Frumkin & Co. have moved their furniture store from Collins' block to Richmond's block on Center street.

The regular services of the League of the Sacred Heart will be held at St. Thomas church this evening.

A daughter was born Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. George Getty of Jordan street.

M. Tracy of Pittsburg, Pa., was in town this week.

Henry Tremblay of 12 Spring street is agent for Henry Bosch company's wall paper of Chicago.

A. L. Phillips of Worcester is visiting in town.

The regular meeting of the Golden Link Rebekah lodge will be held this evening.

These local real estate transfers have been recorded: S. Jane Dean to M. C. Richmond, M. C. Richmond to the Berkshire Cotton Mfg. Co., Louis R. Heinig to Jacob Goldberg $800, C. Frank Reed to Joseph Brierly, Margaret Ladam to John Barry and P. J. Barrett to James L. Barrett $4,500.

S. C. W. LEGHORNS—ONLY BREEDING STOCK FOR SALE.

First Prize Cock at Troy.
First Prize Cock at Lenox.
Clean Sweep at Adams.
Eggs in Season. Orders Taken.
GEORGE GRANT,
Adams, Mass.

To Handle a Club.

Mrs. Mulcahy—An phwy is yr husband workin wid all thim fureigners breakin stone on th' road beyant?

Mrs. Mulhooly (with proper pride)—Sure he's only trainin fur a position on th' police foorce.—New York Weekly.

TO RENT.

A tenement on West street, strictly modern. Inquire Mrs. McNulty, 16 West street. T160 tf

HEAPS OF SHOES

We have them at prices that will surprise you. We have gathered previous to stock taking all the broken lots of

Men's and Women's SHOES

and marked them down to figures that will interest you. All good goods. Call and see them

J. LEVINE
The People's Shoe Store,
17 to 21 Myrtle St., Adams.

ADAMS OPERA HOUSE
February 3

LINCOLN J. CARTER'S

Under the Dome

Masterpiece of Stage Realism.

The greatest success of the age.

See the marvelous storm and great ferry boat.

A sumptuous scenic spectacle.

A continuous series of dramatic surprises, startling situations, thrilling climaxes.

25c, 35c and 50c

Seats at Mole's drug store, 25, 35 and 50 cents

ONLY ONE WORD.

Only one word, dear, to say to you
Before the throng thrusts us apart;
Only one moment to pray to you,
Goddess enshrined in my heart.

Only one life, dear, to live for you.
Will you spurn it? It lies at your feet.
Only one heart's love to give for you.
Will you reign in that heart, my sweet?

Only one song, dear, to sing with you,
Singer and song of you blest.
Only one treasure to bring with you—
Your heart. What matters the rest?

Only one word to implore of you—
Word that is! Couldn't you guess?
Only one whisper—no more—of you.
Say—shall that whisper be—"Yes?"
—J. L. Heaton in "The Quilting Bee."

FAITH IN HUMAN NATURE.

A New York Cafe That Reposes Implicit Confidence In Its Customers.

It is rather surprising to find right on Park row a cafe that trusts its customers perfectly. This place has probably 300 regular callers. It is open day and night, and is run on a system of implicit faith in the honesty of man. While not a place strictly high class, it offers what might be called a very "comfortable" meal, with trimmings before or after. Altogether, it is simply a plain place for an everyday man, with occasionally a little something extra on the bill of fare equaling anything in the city.

This, of course, can be said of hundreds of similar places, but the system of payment is something novel. The proprietor, a stout German, boasts no cashier, as there is very little cash to take in. On the cigar counter is a daybook. The customer comes in, goes to the ice chest in the corner if he wishes and takes a quiet nip out of a black bottle. Then he orders what he wants on the bill of fare. It is served quickly and neatly. He then counts up his own indebtedness and puts it opposite his name in the book, including the "nip," or a cigar if he prefers that. He then walks serenely out, knowing no proprietor is glaring at him and no cashier yelling for him to come back and make the cash register good.

This sort of childlike simplicity in running a business in the very heart of a city filled with sunkoers, green goods men and gold bricks without number is said to be a winning venture. Customers invariably settle weekly, Friday and Saturday being pay days, and the proprietor says he has as yet to lose a bill through deliberate fraud. A little experience with a man like that is almost enough to renew one's confidence in human nature.—New York Letter in Pittsburg Dispatch.

Primitive Surgery.

It is difficult at this day to realize the horrors of a surgical operation before the discovery of anæsthesia. The surgeon's knife was necessarily pitiless, and the victim could only writhe and scream under the torture. The horror of an operation, even to a hero, may be better understood by a story of Nelson, included in a paper by Dr. John Ashhurst on "Surgery Before the Days of Anæsthetics," published in the Philadelphia Record:

No braver or more gallant gentleman ever lived than Admiral Viscount Nelson, and after his right elbow had been shattered by a French bullet in the assault at Tenerife he manifested the utmost courage, refusing to be taken to the nearest ship lest the sight of his injury should alarm the wife of a fellow officer whose own fate was uncertain.

When his own ship was reached, he climbed up its side without assistance, saying:

"Tell the surgeon to make haste and get his instruments. I know I must lose my right arm, so the sooner it is off the better."

"He underwent the amputation," so says a private letter of one of his midshipmen, "with the same firmness and courage that have always marked his character."

And yet so painfully was Nelson affected by the coldness of the operator's knife that when next going into action at the famous battle of the Nile he gave standing orders to his surgeons that hot water should always be kept in readiness during an engagement, so that if another operation should be required he might at least have the poor comfort of being cut with warm instruments.

Fresh Fish.

In many places in warm climates it is customary to keep fish alive until they are sold. It would otherwise be impossible to keep them from spoiling except by too expensive refrigerating. The marketman is likely to be the fisherman himself and to keep his catch in a well on his boat or in a slatted box in the water. The buyer looks over the fish and picks out the one he wants, and the seller then kills the fish with a blow on the head with a club or with a knife. It is a common thing to kill the fish in the presence of the customer. Fish are sold in this way at, for instance, Key West, Havana and Genoa. —New York Sun.

CAUTION!

When you ask for a Porous Plaster insist on having

Allcock's

TAKE NO OTHER

BERKSHIRE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Pittsfield, Mass.

STATEMENT, JAN 1, 1900.

Amount Insured,		$9,090,076.37
Cash Assets,		110,407.48
Re-Insurance Reserve	$64,674.13	
Other Liabilities	2,007.42	
		66,681.55
Cash Surplus		43,725.93
Increase in surplus over Jan. 1, 1899		$3,381.69

Dividends paid, 25, 40 and 60 per cent
F. W. HINDALE, Pres. J. M. STEVENSON, Secy. H. W. CLARK, Resident Director.

B. B. HASKINS, Agent.

A LAUGH IN CHURCH.

She sat on the sliding cushion,
The dear, wee woman of four.
Her feet, in their shiny slippers,
Hung dangling over the floor.
She meant to be good—she had promised—
And so, with her big, brown eyes,
She stared at the meeting house windows
And counted the crawling flies.

She looked far up at the preacher,
But she thought of the honeybees
Droning away at the blossoms
That whitened the cherry trees;
She thought of a broken basket
Where, curled in a dusky heap,
Three sleek, round puppies with fringy ears
Lay snuggled and fast asleep.

Such soft, warm bodies to cuddle;
Such queer little hearts to beat;
Such swift, round tongues to kiss;
Such sprawling, cushiony feet!
She could feel in her clasping fingers
The touch of the satiny skin
And a cold, wet nose exploring
The dimples under her chin.

Then a sudden ripple of laughter
Ran over the parted lips
So quick that she could not catch it
With her rosy finger tips.
The people whispered, "Bless the child!"
As each one waked from a nap,
But the dear, wee woman hid her face
For shame in her mother's lap.
—Pittsburg Times.

FRENCH JOURNALS.

Shares of Several Bought and Sold Daily on the Stock Exchange.

Most of the French journals have a salle de depeches, where bulletins are displayed and a museum of relics of the paper is kept. French journalism is much more personal in regard to its literary composition than that of England or America. A large proportion of the articles are signed with the names of the writers, even when the work is more or less of a routine nature, such as the sporting or law departments of the paper. On the other hand, the ownership of newspapers is less frequently lodged in single hands than is the case in America. Very many of the French papers are owned by companies or associations, while the stock of several of the best known, such as The Figaro and Petit Journal, is bought and sold daily on the Stock Exchange, the quotations appearing as regularly as those of railway shares or Government bonds.

The circulation of all but a very few of the Paris papers varies enormously, according to the contents. If a paper contains a striking article, well advertised previously, or if its feuilleton, continued story or memoirs, which most of the French journals consider an essential part of their daily issue, is by some well known author, the circulation will run up 50,000 or 100,000 in a week and drop again as soon as the special feature is discontinued. When Le Jour began publishing M. Henri Rochefort's memoirs, its circulation went up fivefold, although the price of the paper had been doubled in order to make hay while the sun shone.

The French press is much more concentrated in the capital than that of other European countries. In Germany, for instance, it is not the press of Berlin that has the largest circulation or the greatest influence. In this, as in many other matters, however, the French press only bears out the saying that "Paris is France."—Chautauquan.

this limited to mining, and the druggist mentioned the specimens of stone he had found and was taking home. An old miner never misses a chance to examine a specimen and in this group in the hotel lobby was an old prospector. He asked to be shown the specimens. The druggist went to his room, fished up the old hunting coat from the bottom of his trunk and took out the piece of stone. The miner examined it closely and exclaimed:

"'Man, that's the richest specimen of gold bearing quartz I have ever seen!'

"The druggist thought at first that he was being joked with, but at last the old miner induced him to take the specimens to Burlingame, the best assayer in Denver. Burlingame assayed a piece of the quartz and reported that it yielded gold at the rate of $17,000 to the ton. The druggist was not satisfied. He submitted another piece of the quartz to another expert assayer and got a report that it yielded gold at the rate of $15,000 to the ton.

"The druggist returned at once to Steamboat Springs, but there was snow in the mountains. He went back to Iowa and returned to the Gore range the next spring and has spent every summer since then looking for the lost lode, and others have searched for it, too, but no trace of it has been found."—Kansas City Star.

Unfamiliar Book In Oklahoma.

A committee of Quakers appeared before the Oklahoma legislature the other day and asked for the abolition of capital punishment. One of them started in to read from the New Testament, when a backwoods member interrupted him with the remark that he "needn't bring any of them eastern law books in here."—Philadelphia Press.

The biggest cricket field in the world—that is to say, the biggest ground set apart entirely for the game—is the Oval at Kennington.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Arthur C. Belmont, a sneak thief, was sentenced at Boston to state prison for a term of not more than 11 and not less than 8 years.

Lydia Jones, for shooting Joshua Jones, was sentenced to jail at Boston for six months. The shooting took place while Lydia was attempting to force an entrance into the house, after Joshua had closed the door against her.

A four-story house at Milford, Mass., owned by Enrico Cossarino, was gutted by fire, causing a damage of $5000 to the building and contents. The house was occupied by 60 Italians, boarders, and members of 10 families. The fire was caused by a defective chimney.

James M. Perkins, private secretary to former Governor Wolcott, has been appointed secretary to the Massachusetts board of managers for the Pan-American exposition, to be held in Buffalo next year.

Miss Elizabeth H. Taylor has been appointed to the conveyancing branch of the Boston law department, the first woman lawyer to be appointed by the city.

Governor McCallum has prorogued the Newfoundland legislature until Feb. 1. This means that the negotiations with the British cabinet over the French shore modus vivendi have not yet been completed.

TROY CASH GROCERY CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE PEOPLE

of North Adams and vicinity. Remember that the TROY CASH GROCERY CO. are still selling cheaper than any grocery in your city. We are the only people that staid with you for the last number of years and sold the best goods at the lowest prices. Read our prices. Comeand see for yourself that we do just as we advertise. All goods delivered free. Goods guaranteed or money refunded,

Pillsbury Best XXXX Flour, per bbl., only,	$4.65	8 Bars Lenox Soap,	25c.
Gold Medal Best Bread Flour per bbl,	$4 45	8 Bars Oak Leaf Soap,	25c.
Best Pastry Flour, per bbl. only	$3.98	8 Bars Store Soap,	25c.
½ bbl. Pillsbury Best Flour, only	58c.	7 Bars Babbitt's Soap,	25c.
½ bbl. Gold Medal Best Flour, only	55c.	10 Bars Best Soap,	25c.
⅕ bbl. Pastry Flour, only	48c.	4 Cans Potash or Lye, only	25c.
Best Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Beans and Succotash, per can,	08	7 lsb. Best Laundry Starch,	25c
Gold Dust Washing Powder, per pkg., only	17c.	4 lbs Washing Soda,	25c
8 lbs. New Buckwheat Flour ,only	25c.	4 qts. Best White Pea Beans only	25c
All kinds of Teas, per lb,	33c.	5 qts. Peas,	25c
Gold Dust, per pkg, only	17c.	Pure Leaf Lard, per lb.,	7½c
3 pkg. None Such Mince Meat only	25c.	Best Pork, per lb,	7 and 8c
		Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz.,	18c
		4 pkg. Mince Meat,	25c
		3 pkg. Raspberry Pie Preparation, only	25c

All other goods sold at the lowest cash prices, We buy our goods for cash and therefore we can undersell any grocery in our city. Remember that we buy our flour in carload lots and therefore we sell our flour at the wholesale prices. Remember the place and number

TROY CASH GROCERY CO.

37 EAGLE STREET, NORTH ADAMS, MASS

Rudnick Bros. Props.

BARGAINS in Tea and Coffee

COFFEE

Best Mocha and Java coffee, 4 lbs for $1, or 30c per lb.
Pure Java at 25c lb.
Silver Quarter coffee, sealed package with spoon, 25c.
Our Mocha and Java are of extra strength and aroma and bargains.

TEAS

Formosa, Young Hyson and Gun Powder. 35c lb.
English Breakfast, Gun Powder, Formosa, Japan and Ceylon Teas 40c lb.
These Teas we guarantee for strength and flavor.

Boston Butter Co.
85 Main Street

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Sold and Repaired

AT WAY DOWN PRICES BY

WETMORE,
Eagle Street Jeweler

Smokers Materials at Gurney's

New assortment of pipes and smokers materials just received. to go at prices lower than anywhere else in the city.

F. E. Gurney
59 Main Street. STATIONER.

Harvey A. Gallup OFFERS FOR SALE The Methodist Church Parsonage Property

On North Church street with a street frontage of 70 feet and depth of about 240 feet. About 30 feet will be reserved between the church building and the lot, a part of which may be used for driveway.

This is a rare OPPORTUNITY **Don't Let It Miss You**

Harvey A. Gallup Real Estate and Insurance
BOLAND BLOCK, MAIN STREET

A Final Clearance

Our high grade imported winter suitings, overcoatings, trouserings and men's furnishings. We never speculate in fabrics Only such as are produced by mills that have stood the test of time reach our counters. The same applies to our trimmings and the grade of our workmanship.

This attractive line is worth the careful consideration of intending purchasers.

P. J. BOLAND,
Tailor and Furnisher. Boland Block.

The Proper Thing to do

When you want a good article is to go where prices and quality can be depended upon We are going to cut prices for a short time to make room for our large stock bought for the spring trade Any furnace or stove will do to look at, but when you want good results you will use an

Acorn Heating Stove or Range

J. H. CODY, Housefurnisher and Undertaker
22 to 30 Eagle street.

Picture Framing and Upholstering a specialty.

The ..... Mayoralty

Question will soon be decided. The question of an early advance in the cost of woolen goods is already decided.

Golf Plaids, Ladies' Tailor Made Suitings, Men's Fine Worsteds, Remnants. Seconds and sample ends in good stock at old prices for a short time. Trolley cars every 15 minutes afternoons between North Adams and our warehouse.

Blackinton Co.
Blackinton, Mass.

ASK Alford

About that three tenement house that can be bought for $3,000 and rents for $300 per annum. Also about several choice building lots that can be bought for $500 each

A. S. Alford,
90 MAIN STREET.

Low Telephone Rates.

North Adams ....Exchange

Only $25 a year. 6-Party Metallic Circuit, unlimited service for a telephone at your residence.

Can you afford to be without one?

Manager will furnish all particulars.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

North Adams Savings Bank

ESTABLISHED 1848. 73 MAIN ST.

Adjoining Adams National Bank. Business hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., Saturdays to 6 p. m.

President, J. C. Houghton: Treasurer, V. A. Whitaker, Vice-Presidents, William Burton, G. L. Rice, W. H. Gaylord; Trustees, A. C. Houghton, William Burton, G. L. Rice W. A. Colvilup, E. S. Wilkinson, H. T. Cady, C. H. Cutting, V. A. Whitaker W. H. Gaylord, W. H. Sperry, Arthur Robinson, N. L. Millard, F. A. Wilcoxson.

Board of Investment, C. C. Rice, W. H. Gaylord. F. A. Wilcoxson.

R-I-P-A-N-S 10 for 5 cents at druggists. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good.

WILSON OPERA HOUSE
ONE SOLID WEEK

Commencing

MONDAY, JANUARY 27

Matinee daily beginning Tuesday.

Burrill Comedy Company

Supporting

LAURA HULBERT

in repertoire of standard productions

"The Ensign," "A Flag of Truce," "Saved from the Sea," "Michael Strogoff," "Infatuation," "True as Steel," etc.

PRICES 10, 20 and 30c

Ladies admitted for 15 cents on Monday evening.

15 cent tickets limited to 200.

COLUMBIA THEATER

Two Nights and Matinee.

Wednesday and Thursday,
Jan. 31 and Feb. 1

Matinee Thursday afternoon at 2.30

THE BIG SHOW

Culhane, Chace and Weston's

Minstrels

40—STARS—40

Magnificent Scenic First Part!
Great Comedians, Singers, Dancers
Mammoth Olio of Wonderful Novelties!
Extra Attraction—
THE THREE FAMOUS ST. FELIX SISTERS.
2—BIG BANDS—2
Watch for the Parade!
The Up-to-Date Minstrels!
Don't Miss It!

Prices 10c, 20c and 30c

Seats on sale at Hastings' drug store Monday morning.

Cars to Williamstown after performance.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Saml Cully & Co.

The Month of February

We shall make extra efforts this month to increase our sales over those of last year. There will be offered many special values throughout the store.

Just as We Advertise We Sell.

The Dress Goods Sale. The January Sale of dress goods at sacrifice prices has greatly reduced our stock, but we must this month reduce it 35 per cent more. We will continue to sell dress goods for a few days longer at greatly

Reduced Prices

FREE OF CHARGE. If you Buy Dress Goods at our store, we will make your skirt free of charge. Profit from this saving chance

Read Our Prices Compare them with others

Fancy suitings and choice novelty suitings and mixtures, regular price $1. Prices marked now 59 cents yard. Immense variety of materials, dress goods and suitings, regular price $1 and $1.25. Marked now 69 cents yard. Novelty dress goods and suitings, regular price $1. Marked now 79c yard.

The Cloak Sale A Ten Dollar Bill Will Buy

Choice of any jacket in our stock, handsome kersey and cheviots, with choicest silk and satin lining, regular prices $16.50 to $22. Choice marked now $10 each.

Bargains General Throughout the Store

Saml Cully & Co.

CITY COMMITTEE GRIEVED.

Ignored By New Democratic Club in Preparing to Welcome Bryan

The democratic city committee held the first of its regular monthly meetings for the year last evening, and nearly every member was present. The meeting proved a rather lively one, the subject of Bryan's coming to this city and hte preparations therefor being the chief topic of discussion. As is known, the arrangements for this event are in the hands of the Robert Treat Paine, Jr. democratic club. The city committee last night voiced its complaint that the official democratic body of the city has not been recognized in any way in the arrangements. Aside from the fact that some of the members of the committee are members of the club, none of the committee have been in any way connected with the preparations that are going on.

There were a number of speeches on the subject last evening, in which these facts were brought out emphatically, and the sentiment expressed that the committee had been unduly ignored on this occasion. The commitee would have been glad to join with the club as has been done in other cities and help make the affair as much of a success as possible. As it is the members of the committee will individually do all in their power to aid the affair, but they feel that as a committee they should have been recognized.

There was some other business done, the chief being to appoint a committee one from each ward, to draw up a set of by-laws for the committee

All Invited

Officers of the club said today that this protest of the committee, chiefly voiced by one member, was founded on a misunderstanding. Invitations for seats on the stage were not issued till this afternoon, but all the members of the committee were included in the list made up yesterday. The preparations for Bryan's reception have been in the hands of the club, but several members of the committee are on the reception committee appointed by the club.

CAME HERE TO BE MARRIED

"To Surprise Their Friends." Marlboro Police Charge Bigamy

George Harry Colburn was married in this city Wednesday afternoon to Miss Mabel Smith, and according to the Marlboro police this was once too many for Mr. Colburn, or George Conant, as they prefer to call him. The couple came to this city from Marlboro Wednesday on the afternoon train, and about 2.30 o'clock went to the home of Rev. J. H. Spencer on Church street. George Harry produced a marriage license from Marlboro, and asked to be married.

In reply to questions the couple said that their parents knew of it, but that to surprise their friends at home they had chosen to come away to be married. The groom was 28 years old and the bride 21. Both were well dressed, and appeared to be a well to do young couple, both being extremely happy at the prospect of being man and wife. They were married by Mr. Spencer, and stayed in this city during the afternoon, registering at the Richmond house that night as "Harry Colburn and wife." They left the city yesterday noon, going from here to iPttsfield.

Last night the local police received word from Marlboro that the police held a warrant for Colburn's arrest on the charge of bigamy, and asking the police here to lock him up. Officers were sent to the hotels and boarding houses, with the result of showing conclusively that the couple had left North Adams and were enjoying their wedding trip to parts unknown.

The Marlboro police were notified and the search will be continued

Bryan Reception Committee

The reception committee for the Bryan meetings Monday was chosen this afternoon, and is given below. This afternoon invitations to those who are asked to sit on the stage were sent out. There were about 100 of these.

It is not yet known definitely who will be in the party with Mr. Bryan, but word has been received from George Fred Williams, who it was hoped would be here, that he will be unable to come.

The reception committee is as follows:

W. G. Carroll, chairman, John H. Mack, Thomas O'Connor, James Boulger, Michael Gilhooley, John Whitney, Ernest Faulkner, Thos. Guinon, Lincoln Breckenridge, Frederick Meerworth, Charles E. Whitney, William Broderick, Ruel Bernard, Arthur Chippendale, Daniel O'Connell, Moses Nichols, P. H. Gunning, James Brackley, Frank Wright, T. J. Crowley, Jas. Fitzsimmons, Thomas Dooley, P. J. Malone, George Bruce, David Bonner, Cornelius A. Parker, W. H. Reynolds, Jas. W. Mack, Arthur P. Carpenter, S. J. Ellis, M. R. Ford, M. M. Brown, John Flaherty, John Sullivan, W. M. Brown, B. B. Fitch, Harry Brown, P. H. McMahon, H. S. Smith, James Sullivan, T. F. Gunning, W. H. Chase, W. W. Gallup, John Conley, H. H. Kronick, Stephen Kimball, E. Cady, and officers of the democratic city committee and of the Adams town committee.

BLACKINTON

The teachers of the Blackinton schools attended the teachers' institute held at Pittsfield today.

Miss Susan Rickards gave a very enjoyable "costume party" at her home on Church hill last evening.

Several from here will attend the K. of C. ball at North Adams this evening.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Union church held a meeting in Y. P. S. C. E. hall last evening and transacted some very important business in connection with the furthering of church work.

The Blackinton congress will meet in school hall this Friday evening.

The Father Mathew county convention will be called to order in Temperance hall Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock by President William Kirby of Lenox.

William J. Mackey has signed a contract to coach the Colgate university baseball team this spring. Mr. Mackey's baseball experience especially fits him for this work.

The Father Mathew bazaar to be held February 12 to 17 promises to be a very successful affair. The advance sale of season tickets already assures the success of the undertaking. The piano contest is also creating a great deal of interest and promises to be a very close contest.

MEATMEN WENT TO CHESHIRE

Big Sleighride Party Last Night, Other Past and Future

The butchers of this city and Adams held a big sleighride to Cheshire Thursday evening. There were about 40 of the meat dealers from this city and 20 from Adams. They went in a couple of large busses and two two-seated sleighs. They were guests of Landlord Callahan of the Cheshire Inn, who served a turkey supper. C. M. Bradford of this city was toastmaster and good talks were made by George F. Stockwell of this city, Mr. Ackerman of this city and others. After supper a musical was given in the parlor. Songs were sung by John France and Mr. Hines of this city and Mr. Nenza of Adams. The best of good feeling prevailed and all had a good time. Landlord Callahan received special compliments for his geniality as a host.

Mrs. Eugene Franchere and a party of ladies enjoyed a sleighride to Cheshire Thursday afternoon and were entertained at the Maplewood by Mrs. Mason.

The Hall street Whist club will go to the Maplewood in Cheshire this evening in one of Ford & Arnold's large sleighs. A supper will be served.

The pupils of No. 7, Drury, enjoyed a sleighride to Stamford, Vt., Thursday afternoon.

The Congregational choir, as guests of Colonel Bracewell, will have a sleighride and supper this evening. They will go to the Idlewild.

Misses Minnie and Carrie Darby with a few of their school friends, enjoyed a straw ride to Greylock yesterday. The sleighing was excellent and the young people had a fine time, with Mrs. C. E. Whitney and Mrs. Jennie Bond as chaperones.

Quiet Home Wedding.

There was a quiet home wedding yesterday afternoon at 186 Eagle street, the home of the bride, when Miss Eleanor Small and William Joy were married, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. A. Hamilton. The bride wore a pretty traveling gown of brown trimmed with cream and brown silk. The witnesses to the ceremony were Miss Polly Davis, a niece of the bride, Miss Carrie DeWitt, a niece of the groom, J. S. Cole of Williamstown, a nephew of the groom, and Adolph Teakins. A dainty lunch was served after the ceremony.

The couple left on the afternoon train for a brief wedding trip in the eastern part of the state, and were met at the station by a party of friends who gave them a farewell accompanied with the usual rice and good wishes. Mr. and Mrs. Joy will return to the city and make their home for the present at 186 Eagle street. They will be at home to their friends after March 1.

The wedding was of unusual interest from the fact that the groom is 68 years old, while the bride is about 20 years his junior.

Unusually Warm January.

Last month was the warmest January for a number of years, according to the weather records kept at the Pittsfield city hall, where the records have been kept longer than in this city. The record there shows the following: The maximum temperature was 50 on the 21st and the minimum 2 on the 30th. The total precipitation for the month was 3.89 inches and the greatest rainfall for any 24 consecutive hours was .93 inch. The total snow fall for the month was 15 inches. There were 15 fair days, two partly cloudy and 14 cloudy days. The prevailing direction of the wind was west.

Div. 10 Whist Party

There was another large gathering of people at the whist party given by Div. 10, A. O. H., in their hall Thursday evening. There were 43 tables and the prizes were won by Mr. and Mrs. John Kennedy, Mr. Niles, Dennis Murley, Thomas Raidy, D. P. Burke, P. D. Flynn, Paul LeStage. William Fallon, Miss Murphy, Miss Rayno, Miss Mayme Fitzgerald, Miss Kate Lyons, Mrs. J. Rogers, Miss Flora Austin, Miss B. Welch. Dancing followed whist. The evening proved a most enjoyable one.

Few January Arrests

During the month of January the police made 51 arrests, 11 less than during January, 1899. Of this number 34 were for drunkeness. The city has been unusually quiet for some time, so far as demands on the police are concerned, and the officers are living in the hope that the morality of the city is really improving as much as the records would indicate. During the winter months, however, the number of arrests is usually less than in the summer.

Hay?

From the Pittsfield Sun:

"According to the North Adams Transcript, "a large amount of hay shipped from Canada is passing over the Fitchburg road to Boston, designed to the British government." Resolved, that the Fitchburg railroad ought not to carry hay for English hroses. North Adams might get up a "hay party" in imitation of the famous Boston tea party.

Another Probationer Forgot

Another probationer was defaulted in police court this morning, John Burke having evidently forgotten that under the new rules a man is expected to show up in police court and report when his probation is over. The continued case against Frank Childs for larceny was again continued, and two drunks were fined $5 each.

POWNAL.

Milton Barber is to take the J. W. Wright farm.

Quite a ripple of excitement arose over the report that a local man had made an effort to have Flagman S. Wright discharged. Sides were promptly taken in the matter and in one of them George Howt assaulted Frank Wright. He then complained of himself, pleaded guilty and was fined $1 and costs.

BLACKINTON BLOCK CHANGES

Knights of Columbus to Move, to Make Room for Store Space

Mention was made in yesterday's issue of the probability of changes in the interior of the Blackinton block. It was announced last evening that these are to be made, although they will not be so extensive as would be required for the starting of a department store which has been under discussion. The changes are required by the growth of the Boston store, which now occupies a large part of the first floor and basement of the block.

Notice was given to the Knights of Columbus, whose club rooms are over the store, that the rooms would be wanted in a month for the store. These rooms and some others on the second floor will be made over as quickly as possible, and connected with the first floor by a broad stairway, for the use of the Boston store. This is not for the addition of any new departments, but for the increase in stock in the same lines now carried by the store.

The Knights of Columbus will therefore be compelled to move within a very short time. Several new locations are to be considered, and a decision will be reached within a few days as to where the new rooms will be located.

CAPT. LEONARD RETIRES

But Papers Will Not be Filed Till Major is Elected

Captain John J. Leonard, who has for 23 years been connected with Company G of the Second regiment, and who is well known in this city from his F. M. T. A. connections, will file his request for retirement from active services with Colonel Clark this week. The request will not be forwarded to headquarters in Boston, however, until after the election of major to fill the place that has been vacant since Major R. A. Whipple's retirement to join the regular army. The orders for this election will be issued the first of next week.

Captain Leonard's long service in the regiment has been marked with many incidents of great credit to himself and his company. He has developed an interest in the life of the organization that puts it on a par with any of the companies in the regiment.

The captain was among those who distinguished themselves at the front during the Spanish-American war, and while there he suffered serious injury to his health as a result of the hard army life. It was thought for a time after his return to Springfield that his recovery would never be complete.

Clerks' Union Entertainment

The clerk's union held a well attended meeting last evening and made arrangements for the social to be held in the Elks' rooms next Thursday evening. All clerks in the city are invited, and those who are married will bring their wives. It is especially desired that the women clerks of the city attend, as at that time a branch of the union for them will be organized. There will be talks on the advantages of the union, and a musical and literary program. Among those who have promised to take part are the Misses Condon, Hynes brothers, John Mulaney, Fred Bedor in buck and wing dancing, Thomas Monteith in tenor solos and Scotch songs, John Fallon in baritone solos, and piano solos by Mr. Cardanay. Refreshments will be served and a general good time is anticipated.

Berkshire's Sportsmen Dine

The banquet of the Pittsfield Rod and Gun club at the Wendell hotel last night was one of those pleasant affairs that only come about once a year. The attendance was about 50, which wasn't quite as large as at first expected, but notwithstanding there were mirth and merriment aplenty, all of which was in keeping with the old time traditions of the anglers and nimrods. Messrs. Plumb & Clark served one of their first class dinners and after the final course was over there were "fish stories" and anecdotes galore, together with not a little serious consideration of the game interests of Berkshire county. One of the contributions of the evening was a short history of the club, presented by J. H. Wood.

Charged $6,000 More than He Got

Local readers will remember the accident to Anson Phelps Stokes in Lenox last summer, as a result of which the multi-millionaire suffered the loss of a leg. This is followed by a somewhat amusing complication. Mr. Stokes was attended by Dr. McBurney of New York and Stockbridge. Mr. Stokes expressed his undying gratitude to Dr. McBurney, and pressed him to render a bill. Tht latter neglected to do this promptly, and finally Mr. Stokes sat down and wrote a check for $10,000 and sent it to the doctor. On the same day Dr. McBurney decided to send in his bill, and sent Mr. Stokes the following: "To professional services, $16,000." If he had held the bill over a few days, Dr. McBurney would have been in $10,000. As it now rests he figures it that he is out $6,000.

CHESHIRE

The donation for the pastor of the Methodist church will be held February 13.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Brown left today for a two weeks' trip to Holyoke, Springfield and Hartford.

Palmer's orchestra of Adams will furnish the music for the fireman's ball the 21st.

George Contois has taken Andrew Contois' position until he recovers from his recent injuries.

Albert Stetson of Adams was in town Thursday.

A party of 40 young people from Adams will have a sleighride and supper at the Cheshire Inn tonight

Judge Bixby of Adams was in town Thursday.

SUGAR EAT

The first sugar eat of the season will be given by the King's Daughters of the Congregational church tonight at 7.30. Fifteen cents. Best Wilmington syrup. Cake sugar will be on sale.

Mid-winter Bargains

Nickel Tea Kettles	98c
Clothes Wringers	$1.79
Hand Lamps	23c
Tnmblers	2c
Breakfast Plates	4c
Decorated Chimneys	7c

Four 112 piece Decorated Dinner sets we will close out at $7.98.

We have ordered another crate of Decorated toilet sets which we will sell at $1.98. They will arrive next week. We have many other bargains not mentioned here. Call in and look around.

GILBERT MAXWELL

54 Main Street, Opp. Post Office.

Postponed!

Our opening postponed until Wednesday, February 7th. On account of the extreme cold weather the shipment of our FANCY and BOTTLE goods, necessarily had to be delayed for a few days. This delay will only tend towards making our opening day more than ever a day of great importance to the grocery buying people of North Adams. Opening day Wednesday February 7th.

Ansell & Ripton

O'Brien Block, 27 Eagle Street

CLEARING SALE OF SHOES

At Pratt Bros. Shoe Store,

No 60 Burlingame Block, Main Street

1 Lot	Men's	Winter Russet	Shoes	Retail Price	$3.00	Sale Price	$2.00
1 "	"	Box Calf	"	"	2.50	"	"	1.75
1 "	"	Crack Proof	"	"	2.50	"	"	1.75
1 "	"	Seal Goat	"	"	2.50	"	"	1.75
1 "	"	Satin Calf	"	"	2.00	"	"	1.25
1 "	"	" "	"	"	1.25	"	"	75c
1 "	Youths	" "	"	"	1.25	"	"	75c
1 "	Little Gents	"	"	"	1.00	"	"	50c
1 "	Ladies' Box	"	"	"	3.00	"	"	2.00
1 "	"	Russia "	"	"	3.00	"	"	2.00
1 "	"	Kid Slippers		"	1.25	"	"	50c

These are Good Shoes for a Little Money at

PRATT BROTHERS,

Reliable Shoe & Rubber Dealers, 60 Burlingame Blk Main St

TINKER & RANSFORD,

Fire, Life, Accident Insurance. Steamship tickets on all lines

Adams National Bank Building,

North Adams, Mass

Cash...

We buy for cash. We sell for cash. We buy low. We sell for small profits. We have a large assortment. We have good service.

We Guarantee Satisfaction

You know our ways and methods of doing business stand the test.

Our Tea and Coffee departments are giving the best of satisfaction.

A large variety of

Chase & Sanborn's

celebrated package teas.

For Saturday

As usual we have a good display of green vegetables, spinach, Boston head lettuce, celery, parsley, Bermuda onions, etc.

Fine Bananas, Florida and Navel Oranges. Compare our stamped eggs with others.

We meet competition.

...H. A...

SHERMAN,

15 Eagle Street.

Tel. 28-5.

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

OF ALL KINDS

Beautiful Patterns in

Dress Goods

Velvets, Ribbons, Silks and Satins in profusion

AT W. H. Gaylord's

MAIN STREET, NO. ADAMS

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